Data Sheet

BI T3102A

Low Cost PWM CCFL Controller

Version: 1.2

Notice:

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Features:

- PWM Modulation
- Open Lamp Protection
- Internal UVLO (Under Voltage Look Out) function
- Dimming Control
- CMOS Totem Pole output
- NMOS output driving
- SOP /DIP Packing

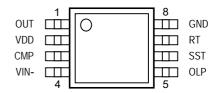
Applications:

- Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamps system
- Notebook PC
- LCD Monitor
- Palm-top Computers
- Video Phone/ Door Phone
- · Portable Instrumentation
- · Personal Digital Assistants
- Airline Entertainment Centers
- Automotive Display
- ATM/ Financial Terminal
- POS Terminal
- Navigation Devices (GPS Equipment)
- Test Equipment
- · Copiers and Office Equipment
- Medical Equipment

Recommended Operating Condition:

Supply Voltage	4.5 ~ 13.2 V
Operating Frequency	50K ~ 250K Hz
Operating Ambient Temperature	0 ~ 70 ℃

Pin Layout:



General Description:

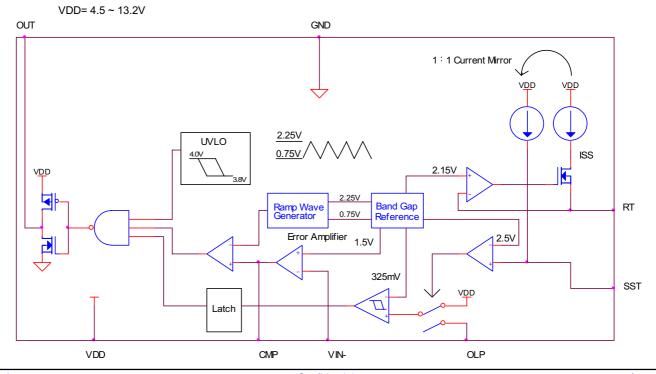
To aim at the Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) applications, the BIT3102A integrated all functions required in a single 8 pin chip. The chip provides a fully functioned PWM control circuit with a true lamp current feedback protection. By setting the required time for striking the lamp through SST, the open-lamp condition can be detected after lamp striking period. The lamp dimming can be done through a PWM feedback loop. CMOS process reduces the operating current (1mA typical) and NMOS output driving capability enhances the system efficiency.

Patent Approved

Absolute Ratings: (if Ta=25°)

VDD	0.3 ~ +15 V
GND	±0.3 V
Input Voltage	0.3 ~ VDD+0.3 V
Power Dissipation	40 mW
Operating Ambit Temperature	0 ~ +70 ℃
Operating Junction Temperature.	+150 ℃
Storage Temperature	55~+150 ℃

Functional Block Diagram:



Function Description:

UVLO: The Under-Voltage-Look-Out circuit turns the output driver off when supplying voltage drops to a specified low level.

Band Gap Reference: This circuit provides a accuracy voltage reference which is very stable even though the operating temperature is variable. Base on this reference, a specified voltage can be generated which is used by another circuit.

Ramp Wave Generator: This circuit generates a typical 140KHz ramp wave. (as R_T =100 K Ω) The relation between frequency and resistor R_T is as the equation below:

Freq. (KHz) = $14000/R_T(K\Omega)$

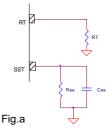
PWM Controller: The pulse width modulation control circuit includes a ramp wave generator, an error amplifier and a comparator. These devices provide the required active components for the PWM feedback control application.

The Power On Initialization and Open Lamp

Protection: The current source I_{SS} charges the external resistor and capacitor during power on process. The voltage drops on the SST pin will be increased as

$$V_{SST} = I_{SS}R_{SS}$$
 (1-e^{-t/RssCss}); (Fig.a)
Where $I_{SS} = V_{RT}/R_T \pm 10\%$,and $V_{RT} = 2.15V$

The output is disabled to "low" level and open lamp protection is disable while SST <0.325V. A \sim 180uA



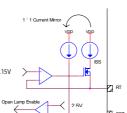


Fig.b

current is flow into INN to set the initial state. The PWM controller is enable while 2.5V < SST < 0.325V.

The open lamp protection circuit will be enable when

 $V_{SST} > 2.5V (Fig.b)$

The required time for striking the

lamp could be calculated as bellow:

$$\begin{split} &T_{\text{STRIKE}} = (R_{\text{SS}}C_{\text{SS}}) \\ &\textbf{In}((I_{\text{SS}}R_{\text{SS}}\text{-}0.325)/(I_{\text{SS}}R_{\text{SS}}\text{-}2.175)) \\ &T_{\text{STRIKE}} \text{ is decided by the characteristic of lamp.} \end{split}$$

Table 1. Power On Initialization and Open Lamp Protection

	OUT	OLP	VIN-
SST < 0.325V	Disable to "Low"	Disable	Internally Forced to "High"
2.5V < SST < 0.325V	Enable	Disable	Externally Controlled
SST >2.5V	Enable	Enable	Externally Controlled

Pin Description:

Pin No.	Names	Description
1	OUT	PWM output, logic high active for driving NMOS device.
2	VDD	Supply voltage.
3	CMP	PWM controller input, the output of error amplifier.
4	Vin-	PWM controller input, the inverting input of error amplifier.
5	OLP	A voltage sense input pin. If voltage level is less than 325 mV after a user defined period of time, the chip will shut down the OUT and PWM circuits. A digital latch circuit latches this result. The latch condition will be released if the power be turned off.
6	SST	The timer for open lamp protection.
7	RT	Operation frequency control.
8	GND	Ground

DC/AC Characteristics:

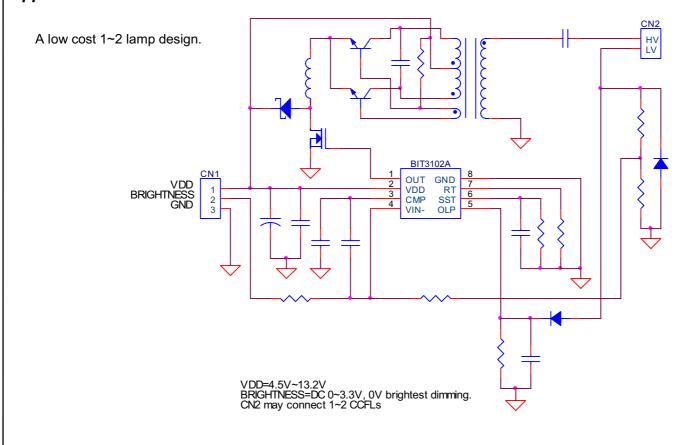
Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.(Limits)	Max.	Unit
Reference Voltage					
Output voltage	Measure Vin-	1.455	1.5	1.545	V
	VDD=12V, Ta=25°C				
Line regulation	VDD=4.5 ~ 13.2 V		2	20	mV

Under Voltage Look Out					
Upper threshold voltage	Ta=25°ℂ	3.8	4	4.2	V
Hysteresis		0.1	0.2	0.3	V
Ramp Wave Generator					
Frequency	R_T =100K Ω	120	140	160	KHz
Operating Frequency	note 1	50		250	KHz
Output peak			2.25		V
Output valley			0.75		V
Error Amplifier					
Input voltage	note 1	0.75		2.25	V
Open loop gain	7	60	80		dB
Unit gain band width		1	1.5		MHz
Open Lamp Enable					
Output current	VDD=12V, Ta=25°C		2.15V/R _T		uA
Open lamp detection enable			2.5		V
Open Lamp Protection					
Open lamp detection lower threshold	VDD=12V, Ta=25°C		325		mV
Hysteresis			50		mV
Output					
CMOS output impedance	note 1		50		Ω
Rising Time	1000pF load,		110		ns
Falling Time	note 1		100		ns

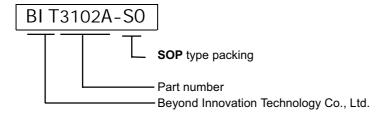
Ta: ambient temperature.

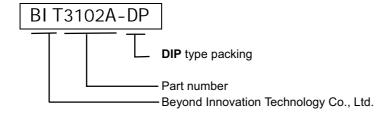
Note 1: It is guaranteed by design not 100% tested.

Application Circuit:



Order Information:

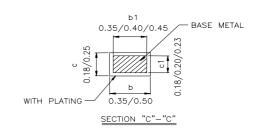


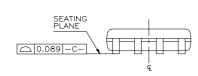


Unit: mm

Package Information:

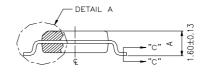
SOP type:

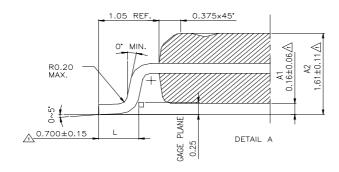




PIN#1 IDENT ⚠D1 4.87±0.08

е





E1 3.86 -0.05

1.27 BASIC

DIP type:

