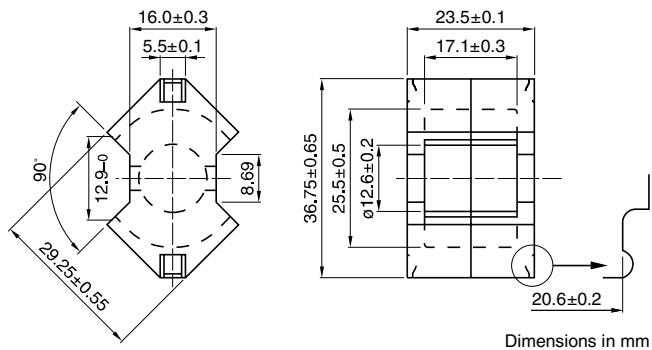


# RM12 Cores

Based on JIS C 2516.



Dimensions in mm

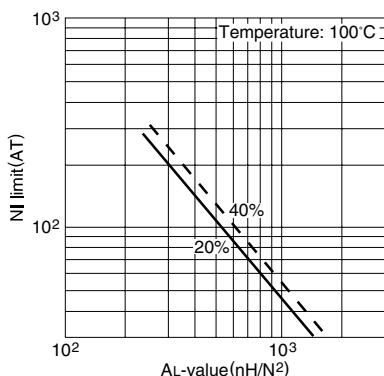
## Parameter

<b>Core factor</b>	$C_1$	$\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.406
<b>Effective magnetic path length</b>	$l_e$	mm	56.9
<b>Effective cross-sectional area</b>	$A_e$	$\text{mm}^2$	140
<b>Effective core volume</b>	$V_e$	$\text{mm}^3$	7960
<b>Cross-sectional center pole area</b>	$A_{cp}$	$\text{mm}^2$	125
<b>Minimum cross-sectional center pole area</b>	$A_{cp\ min.}$	$\text{mm}^2$	121
<b>Cross-sectional winding area of core</b>	$A_{cw}$	$\text{mm}^2$	110
<b>Weight (approx.)</b>	g		42

Part No.	AL-value (nH/N <sup>2</sup> )	Core loss (W) at 100°C 100kHz, 200mT	Calculated output power (forward converter mode)
PC40RM12Z-12	4150 min. (1kHz, 0.5mA)* 9290 min. (100kHz, 200mT)	3.3 max.	344W (100kHz)

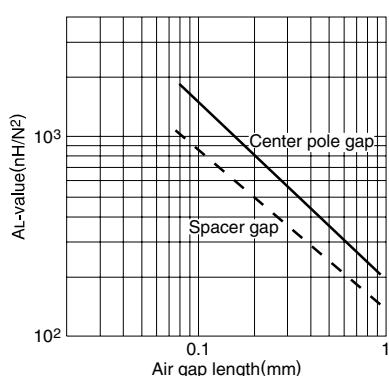
\* Coil: ø0.4 2UEW 100Ts

### NI limit vs. AL-value for PC40RM12 gapped core (Typical)



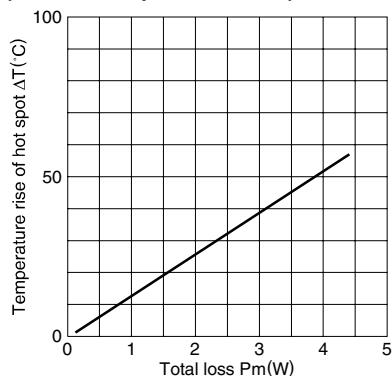
Note: NI limit shows the point where the exciting current is 20% and 40% away from its extended linear part.

### AL-value vs. Air gap length for PC40RM12 core (Typical)



Measuring conditions • Coil: ø0.4 2UEW 100Ts  
• Frequency: 1kHz  
• Level: 0.5mA

### Temperature rise vs. Total loss for RM12 core (Typical) (Ambient temperature: 25°C)



Note: The temperature rise is measured in the room whose temperature and humidity are fixed to 25°C and 45(%)RH, respectively.  
(approx. 400×300×300cm)

