

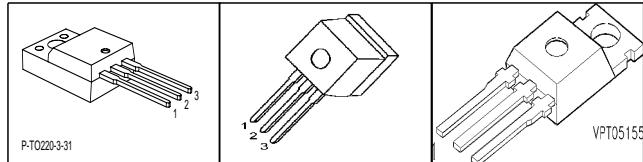
## Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

### Feature

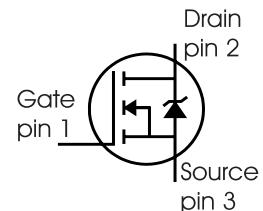
- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Worldwide best  $R_{DS(on)}$  in TO 220
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance
- PG-TO-220-3-31: Fully isolated package (2500 VAC; 1 minute)
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>0)</sup> for target applications

$V_{DS} @ T_{jmax}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.19	$\Omega$
$I_D$	20.7	A

PG-TO220-3-31    PG-TO262-3-1    PG-TO220-3-1



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP20N60C3	PG-TO220-3-1	Q67040-S4398	20N60C3
SPI20N60C3	PG-TO262-3-1	Q67040-S4550	20N60C3
SPA20N60C3	PG-TO220-3-31	Q67040-S4410	20N60C3



### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP_I	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25^\circ C$	$I_D$	20.7	20.7 <sup>1)</sup>	A
$T_C = 100^\circ C$		13.1	13.1 <sup>1)</sup>	
Pulsed drain current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_D$ puls	62.1	62.1	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=10A, V_{DD}=50V$	$E_{AS}$	690	690	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}$ <sup>2)</sup> $I_D=20A, V_{DD}=50V$	$E_{AR}$	1	1	
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{AR}$	20	20	A
Gate source voltage static	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Gate source voltage AC ( $f > 1Hz$ )	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ C$	$P_{tot}$	208	34.5	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55...+150		°C

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 480 \text{ V}, I_D = 20.7 \text{ A}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$dv/dt$	50	V/ns

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	-	-	0.6	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC\_FP}$	-	-	3.6	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA\_FP}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>3)</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	62	
-	-	35	-	-	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s <sup>4)</sup>	$T_{sold}$	-	-	260	°C

**Electrical Characteristics, at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_D=0.25\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=1000\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=30\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=13.1\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.16	0.19	$\Omega$
Gate input resistance	$R_G$	f=1MHz, open drain	-	0.54	-	

**Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} \geq 2 * I_D * R_{DS(on)max}$ , $I_D = 13.1A$	-	17.5	-	S
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 25V$ , $f = 1MHz$	-	2400	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	780	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	50	-	
Effective output capacitance, <sup>5)</sup> energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 480V	-	83	-	
Effective output capacitance, <sup>6)</sup> time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	160	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 380V$ , $V_{GS} = 0/13V$ , $I_D = 20.7A$ , $R_G = 3.6\Omega$ , $T_j = 125$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$V_{DD} = 380V$ , $V_{GS} = 0/13V$ , $I_D = 20.7A$ , $R_G = 3.6\Omega$	-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	67	100	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	4.5	12	

**Gate Charge Characteristics**

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD} = 480V$ , $I_D = 20.7A$	-	11	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	33	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$	$V_{DD} = 480V$ , $I_D = 20.7A$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ to 10V	-	87	114	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 480V$ , $I_D = 20.7A$	-	5.5	-	V

<sup>0</sup>J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>1</sup>Limited only by maximum temperature

<sup>2</sup>Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as  $P_{AV} = E_{AR} * f$ .

<sup>3</sup>Device on 40mm\*40mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

<sup>4</sup>Soldering temperature for TO-263: 220°C, reflow

<sup>5</sup> $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

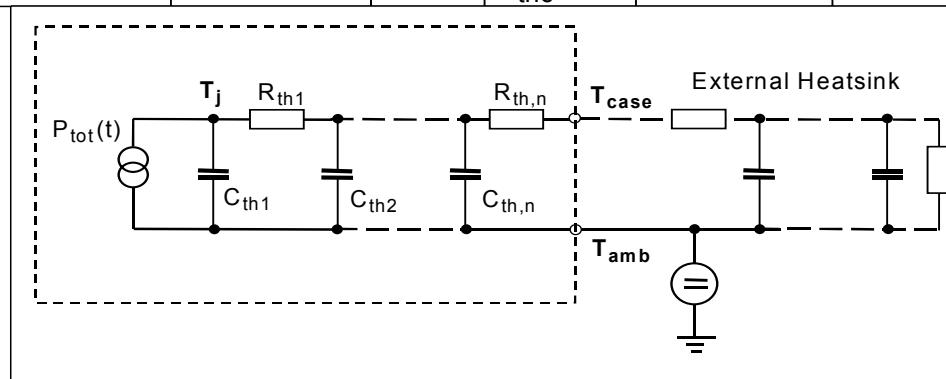
<sup>6</sup> $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .

**Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	20.7	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	$I_{SM}$		-	-	62.1	
Inverse diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=480\text{V}, I_F=I_S, dI_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	500	800	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	11	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	70	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	$dI_{rr}/dt$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1400	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

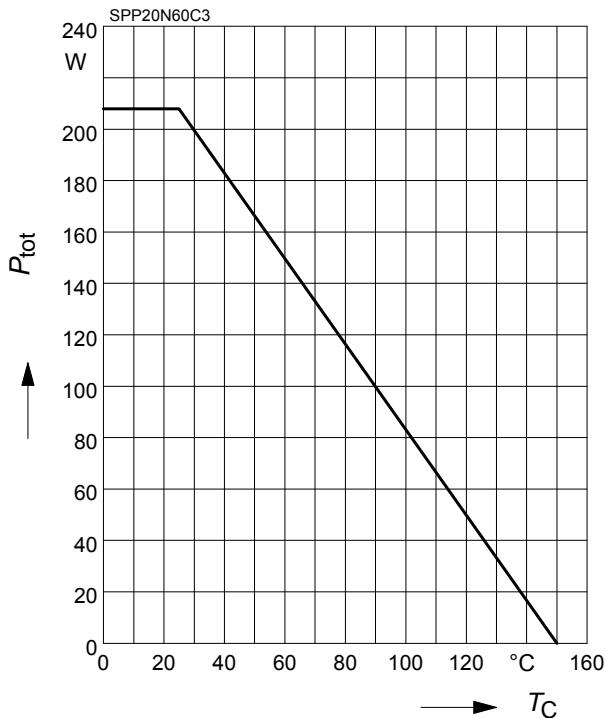
**Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics**

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP_I	SPA			SPP_I	SPA	
$R_{th1}$	0.00769	0.00769	K/W	$C_{th1}$	0.0003763	0.0003763	Ws/K
$R_{th2}$	0.015	0.015		$C_{th2}$	0.001411	0.001411	
$R_{th3}$	0.029	0.029		$C_{th3}$	0.001931	0.001931	
$R_{th4}$	0.114	0.163		$C_{th4}$	0.005297	0.005297	
$R_{th5}$	0.136	0.323		$C_{th5}$	0.012	0.008453	
$R_{th6}$	0.059	2.526		$C_{th6}$	0.091	0.412	



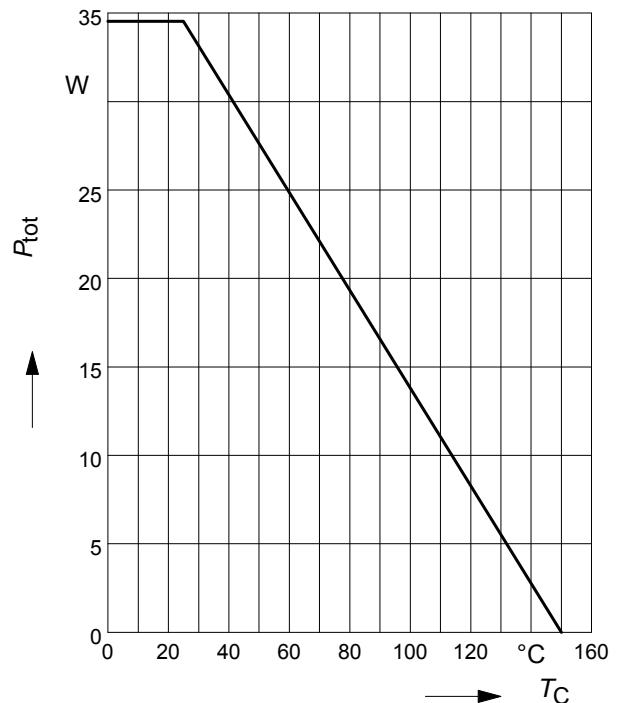
### 1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



### 2 Power dissipation FullPAK

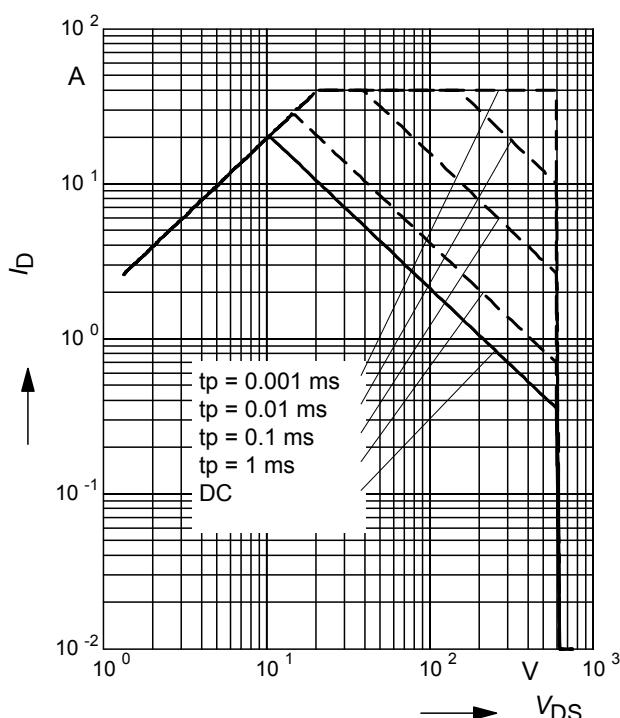
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



### 3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

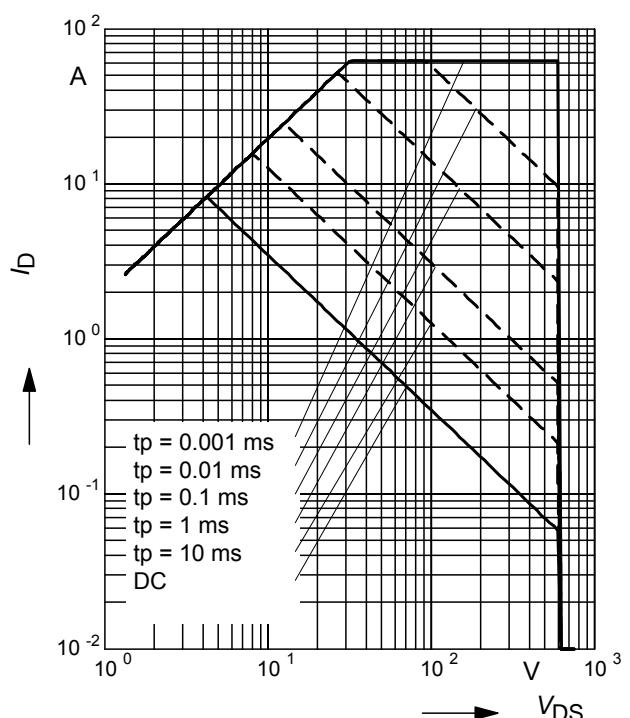
parameter :  $D = 0$  ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



### 4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

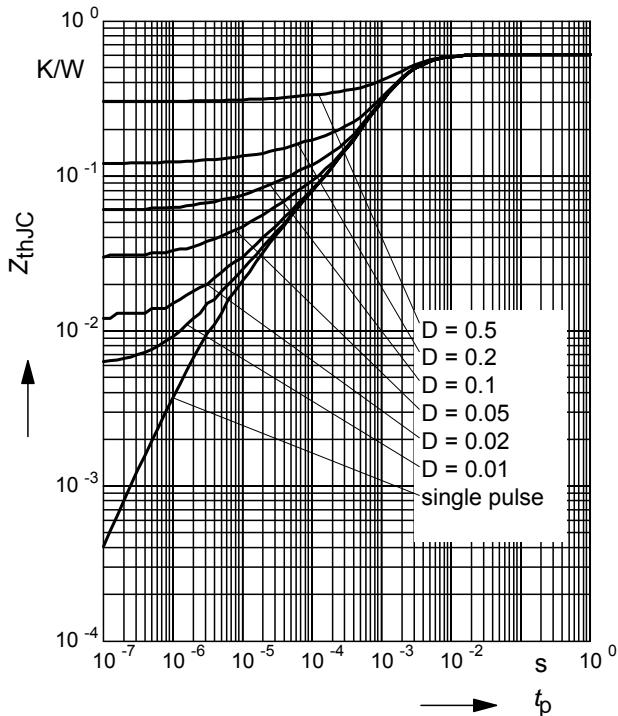
parameter:  $D = 0$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



## 5 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_p)$$

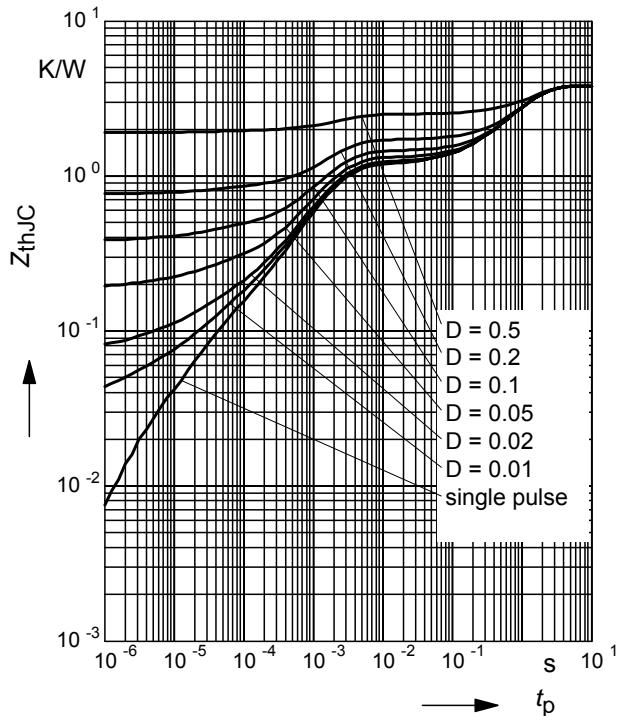
parameter:  $D = t_p/T$



## 6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_p)$$

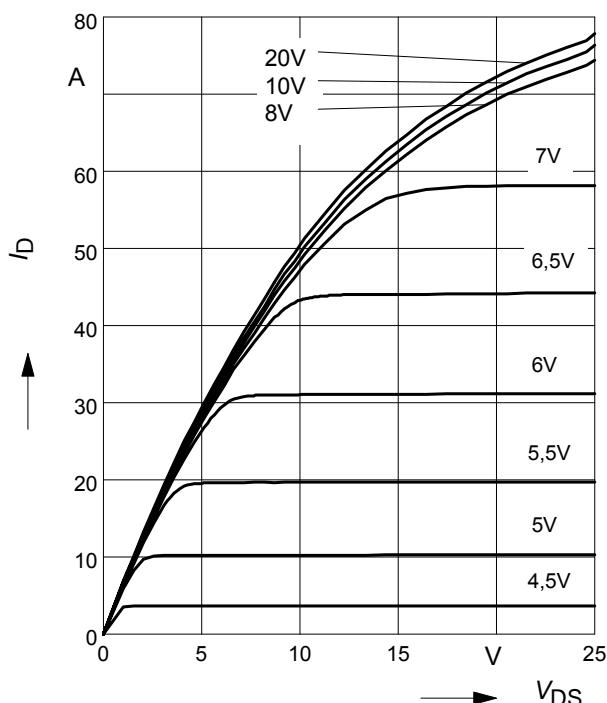
parameter:  $D = t_p/t$



## 7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); \quad T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$$

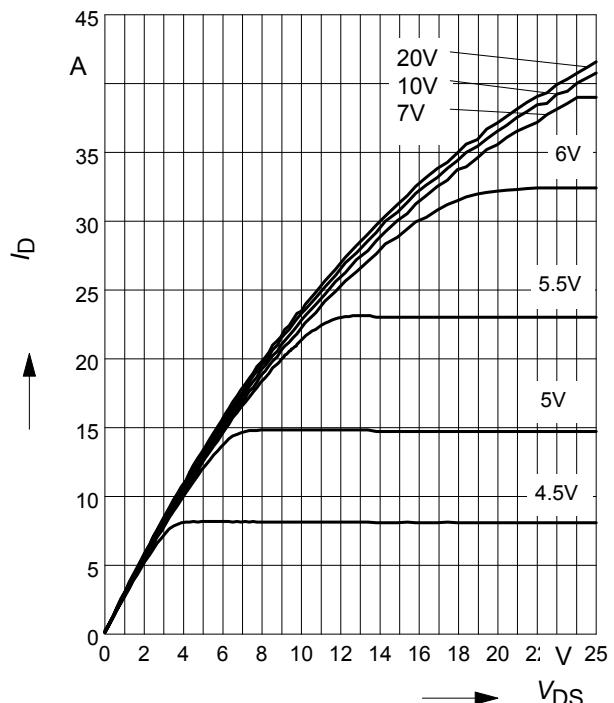
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{GS}$



## 8 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); \quad T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$$

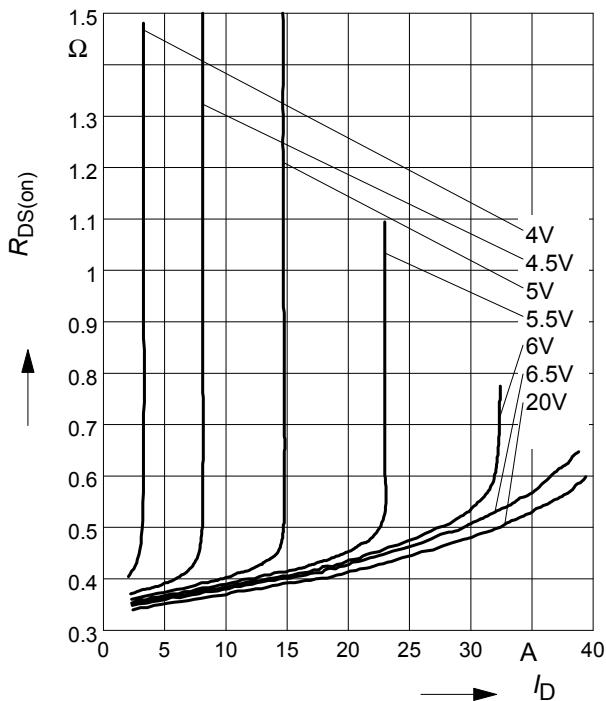
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{GS}$



### **9 Typ. drain-source on resistance**

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

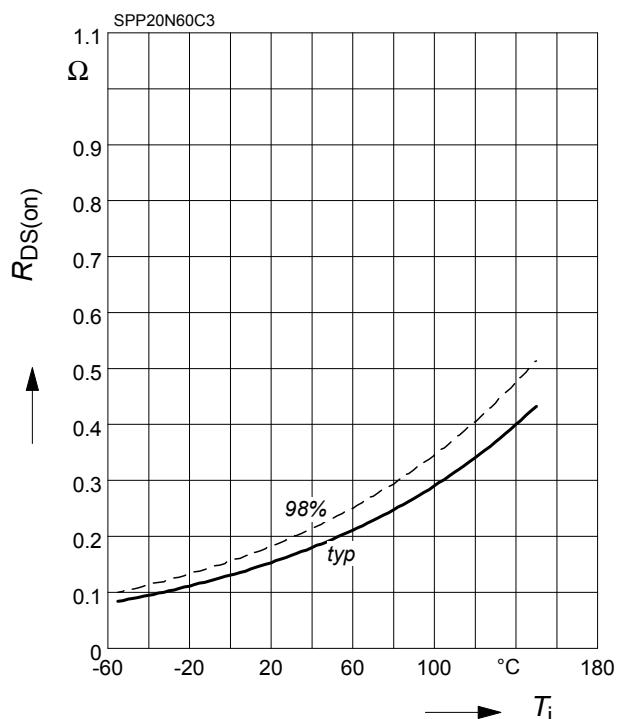
parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



### **10 Drain-source on-state resistance**

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

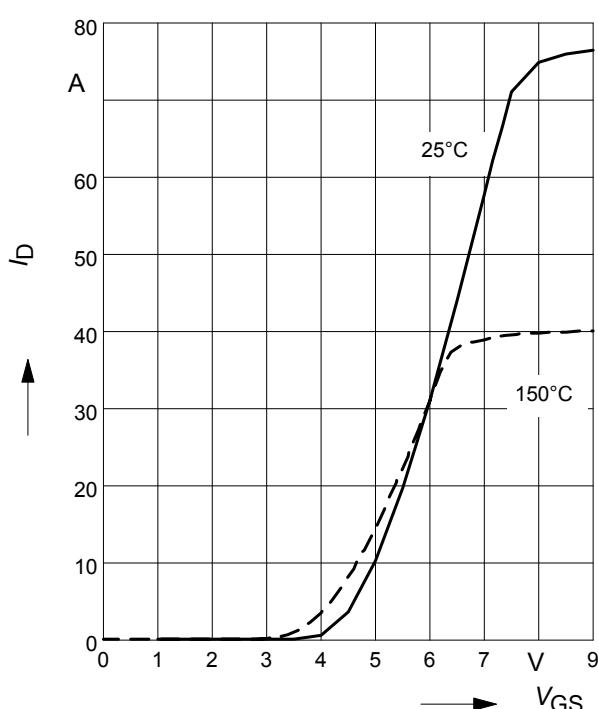
parameter :  $I_D = 13.1 \text{ A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



### **11 Typ. transfer characteristics**

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}) ; V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)\max}$$

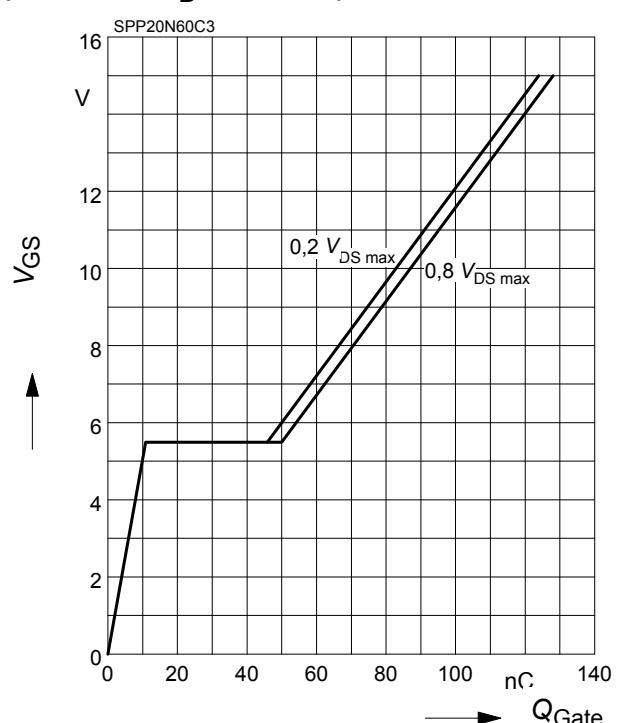
parameter:  $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$



### **12 Typ. gate charge**

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

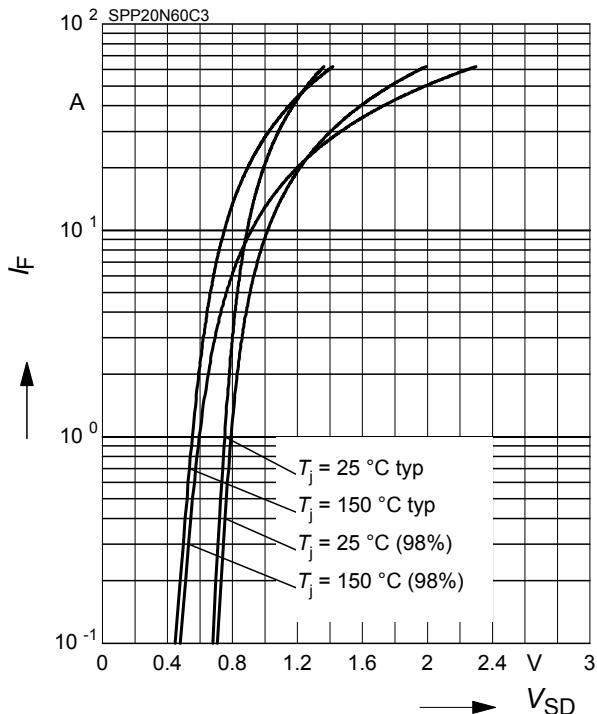
parameter:  $I_D = 20.7 \text{ A}$  pulsed



### 13 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

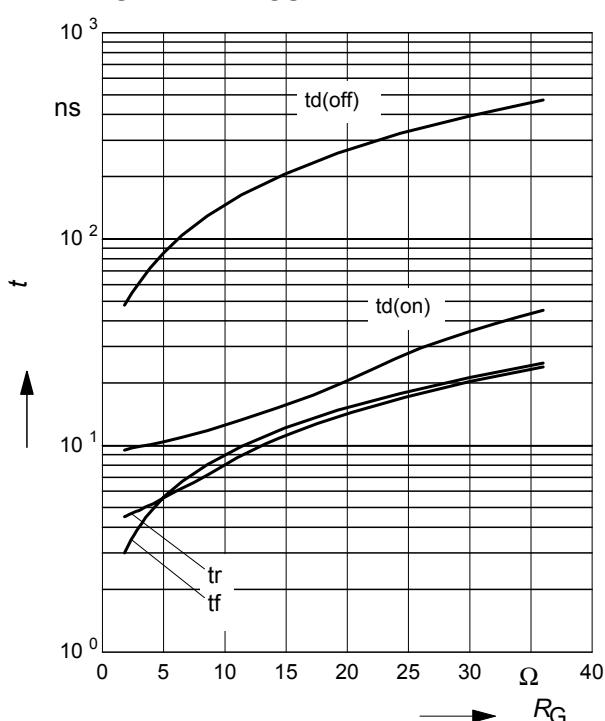
parameter:  $T_j$ ,  $t_p = 10 \mu s$



### 14 Typ. switching time

$$t = f(R_G), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

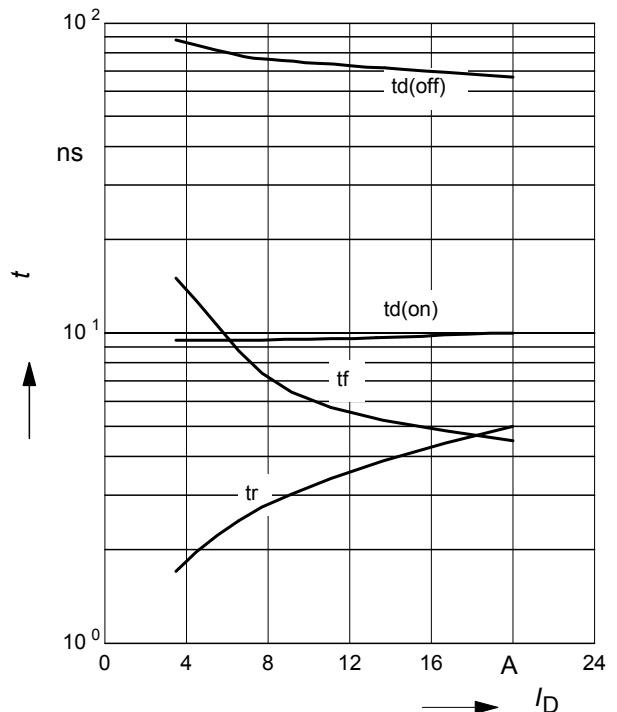
par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $I_D = 20.7A$



### 14 Typ. switching time

$$t = f(I_D), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $R_G = 3.6\Omega$



### 15 Typ. switching time

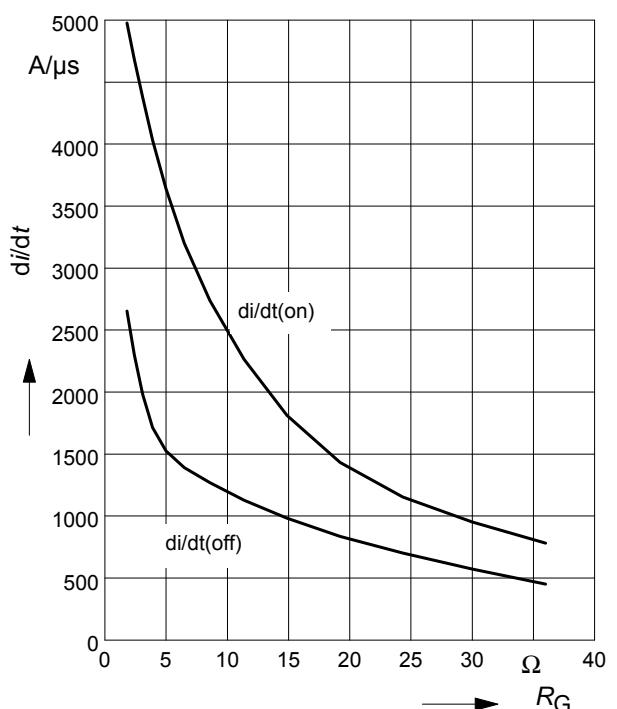
$$t = f(R_G), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $I_D = 20.7A$

### 16 Typ. drain current slope

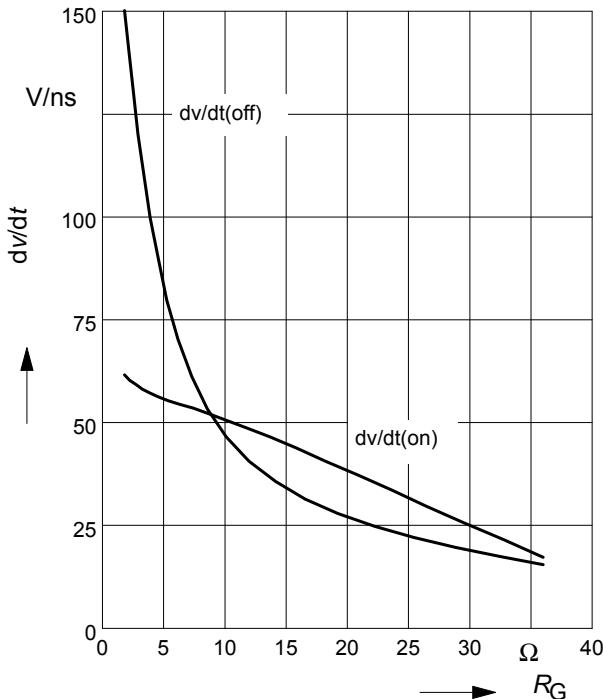
$$di/dt = f(R_G), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

par.:  $V_{DS} = 380V$ ,  $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$ ,  $I_D = 20.7A$



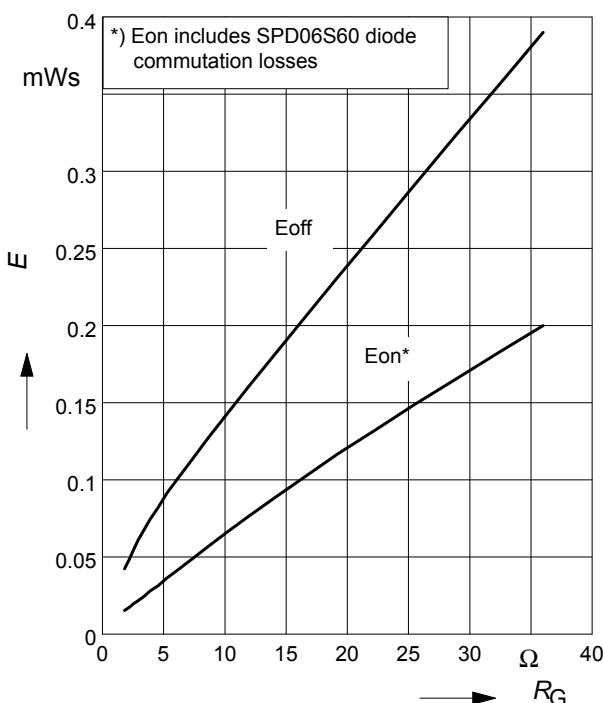
### 17 Typ. drain source voltage slope

$dV/dt = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $I_D=20.7\text{A}$



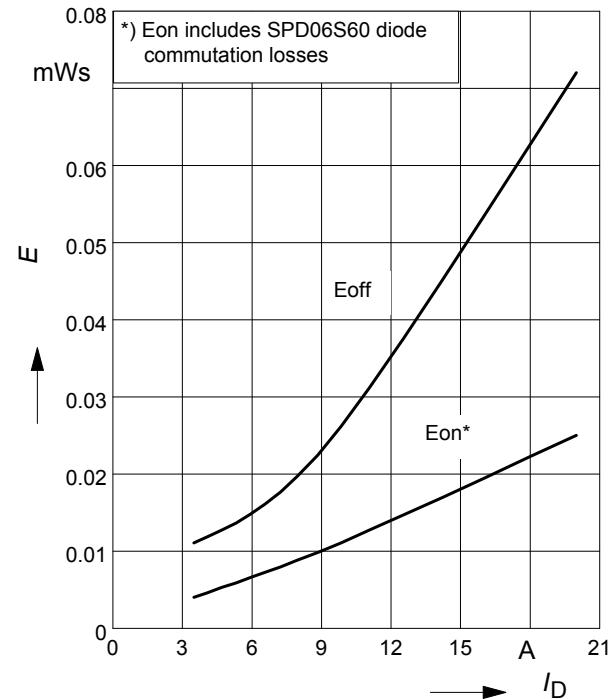
### 19 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(R_G)$ , inductive load,  $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$   
 par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $I_D=20.7\text{A}$



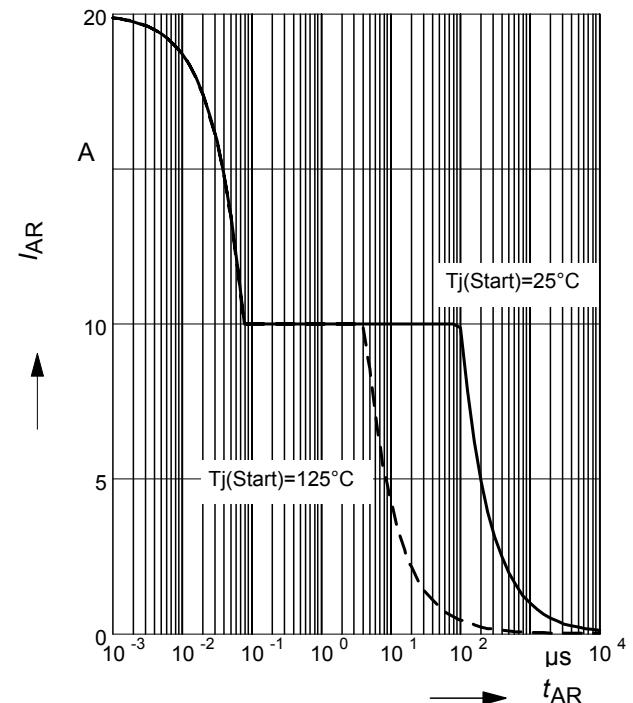
### 18 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(I_D)$ , inductive load,  $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$   
 par.:  $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=3.6\Omega$



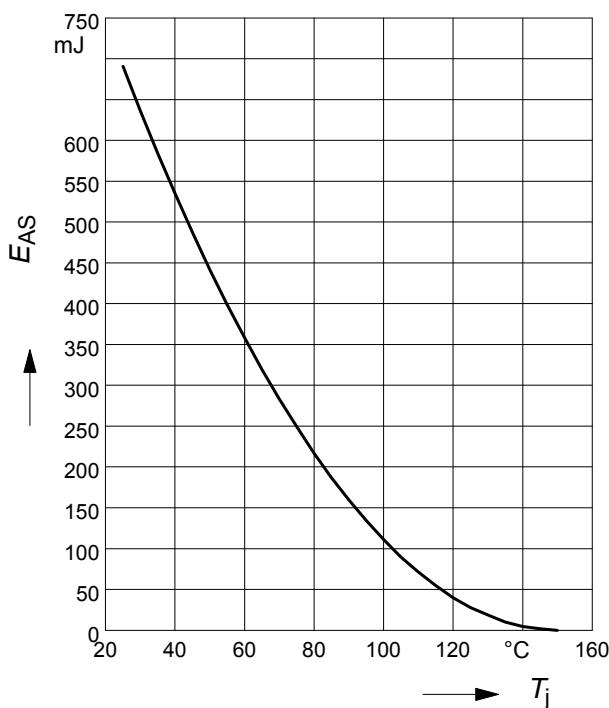
### 20 Avalanche SOA

$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$   
 par.:  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



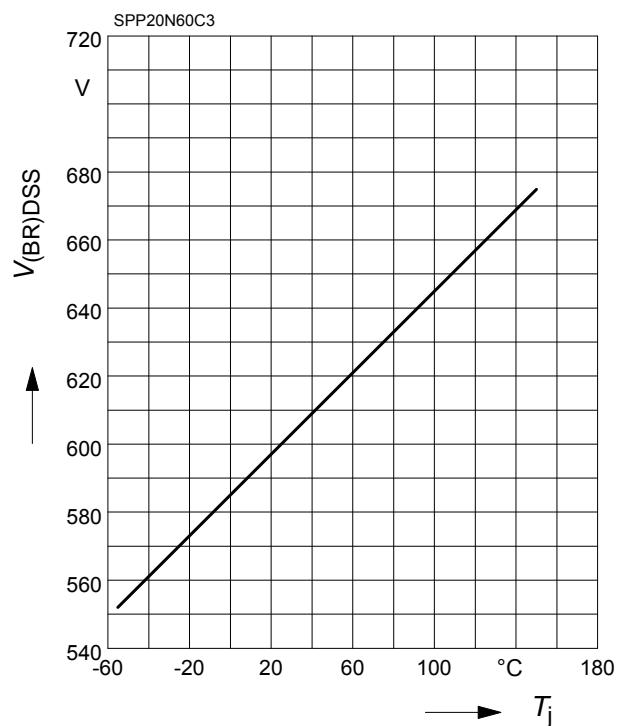
### 21 Avalanche energy

$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$   
par.:  $I_D = 10 \text{ A}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$



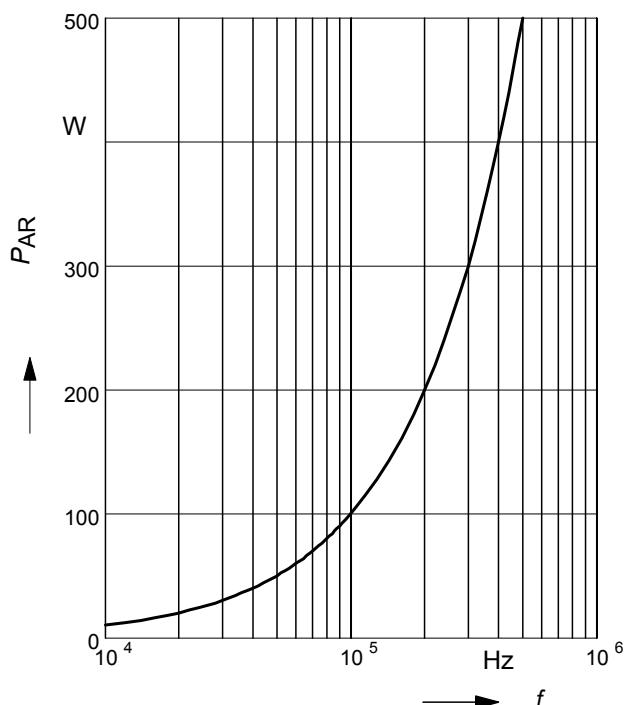
### 22 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



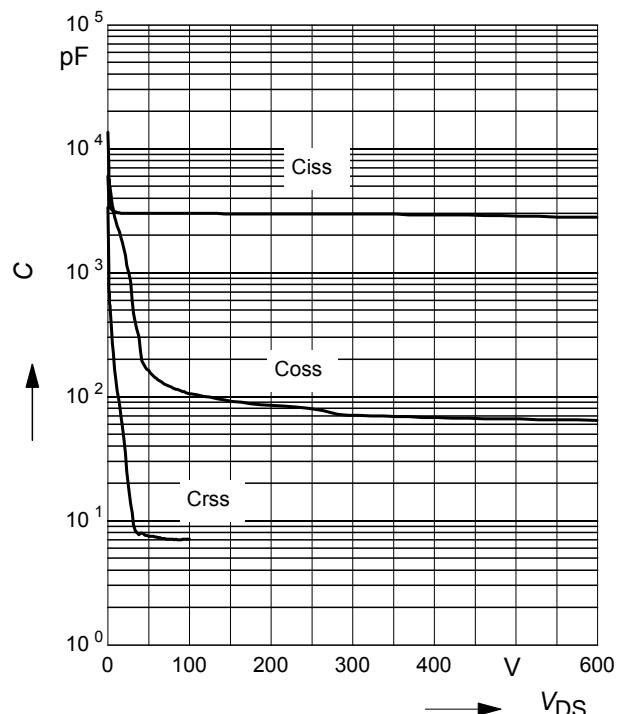
### 23 Avalanche power losses

$P_{AR} = f(f)$   
parameter:  $E_{AR}=1\text{mJ}$



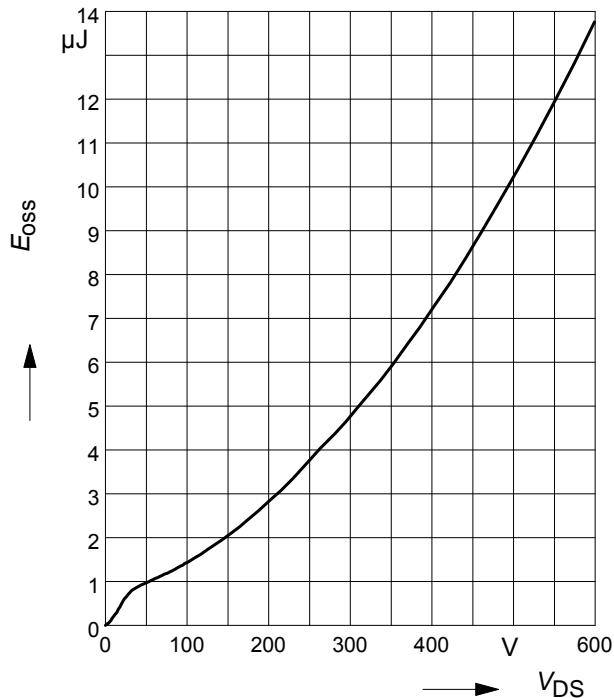
### 24 Typ. capacitances

$C = f(V_{DS})$   
parameter:  $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ,  $f=1\text{ MHz}$

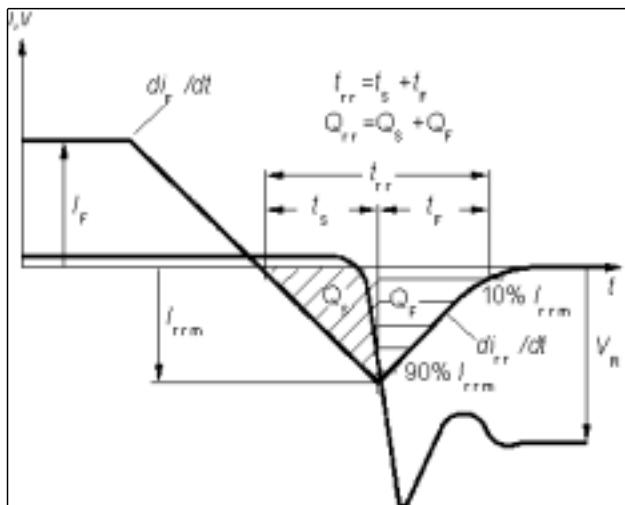


## 25 Typ. $C_{oss}$ stored energy

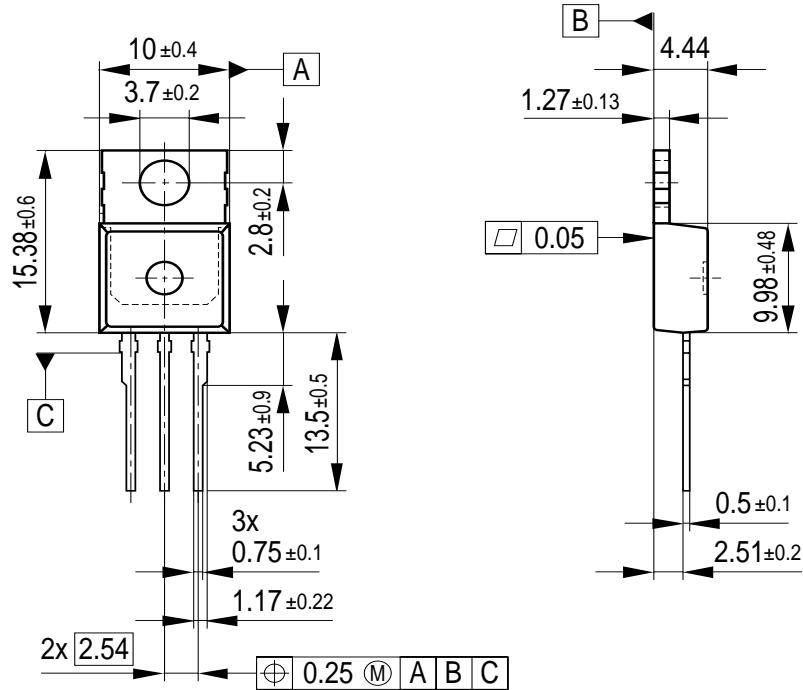
$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



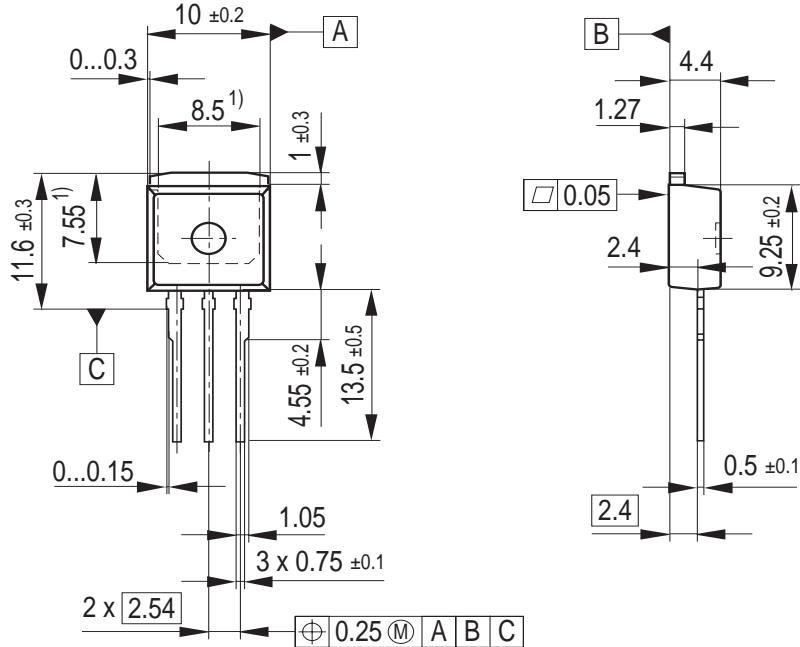
Definition of diodes switching characteristics



PG-T0-220-3-1

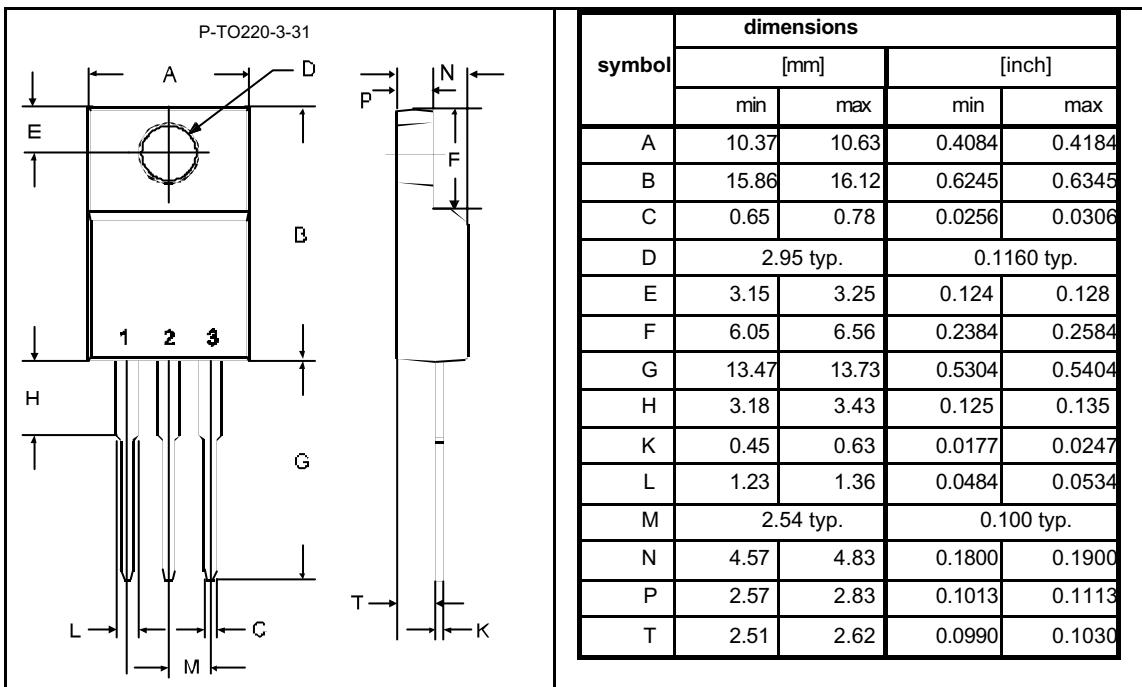


All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.  
Metal surface min. x=7.25, y=12.3

**PG-T0-262-3-1 (I<sup>2</sup>-PAK)**

<sup>1)</sup> Typical

Metal surface min. X = 7.25, Y = 6.9

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

**PG-T0-220-3-31 (FullPAK)**


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