

Boost LED Driver with Excellent Current Regulation

General Description

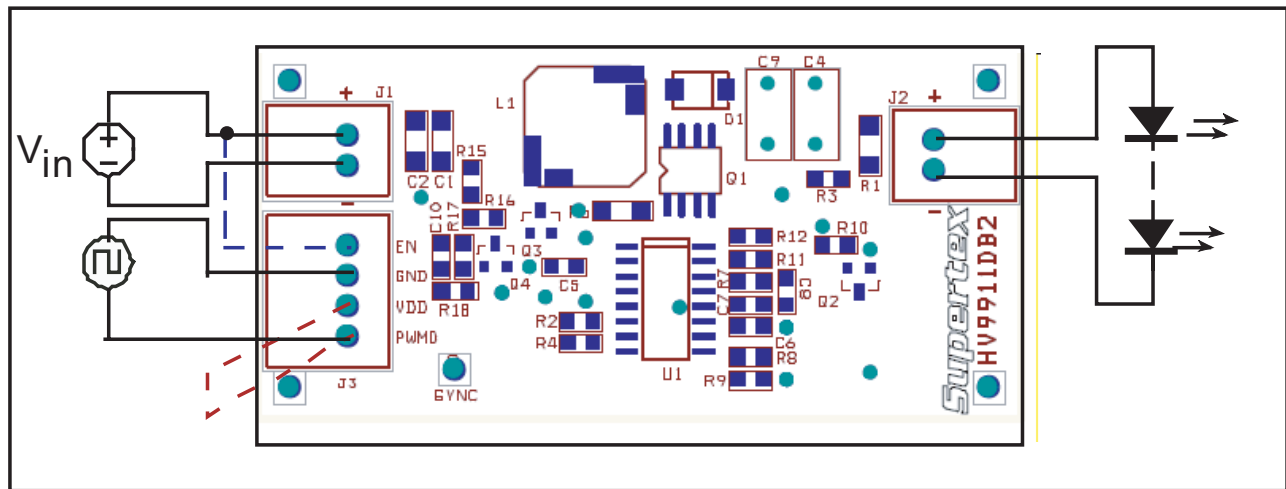
The HV9911DB2 is an LED driver capable of driving up to 20 100mA LEDs in series from an input of 9 – 16V DC. The demoboard uses Supertex’s HV9911 in a boost topology. The converter has a very good initial regulation (+/-5%) and excellent line and load regulation over the entire input and output voltage range (<+/- 1%). The full load efficiency of the converter is typically greater than 85%.

The HV9911DB2 is also protected against open LED and output short circuit conditions. It also has an excellent PWM dimming response, with typical rise and fall times less than 10µs, which will allow high PWM dimming ratios. The HV9911DB2 also features an EN input which can be used to shut down the IC and allow a very small power drawn from the input.

The switching frequency of the HV9911DB2 can be synchronized to other HV9911 boards or to an external 200kHz clock by connecting the clock to the SYNC pin of the HV9911DB2.

Specifications	
Input Voltage (steady state):	9V – 16V DC
Output LED string voltage:	40V min - 80V max
Output current:	100mA +/-5%
Output Current Ripple:	10% typical
Switching Frequency:	200kHz
Efficiency:	85% (at 12V input)
Open LED protection:	Shuts down at 92V
Output short circuit protection:	Included
PWM Dimming frequency:	Up to 1kHz
Dimensions:	64mm X 31mm

Board Layout and Connections



Connections:

Input: The input is connected between the terminals of connector J1 as shown in the Connection Diagram.

Output: The output is connected between the terminals of connector J2 as shown.

Enable: To Enable to board, connect the EN pin of the connector J3 to the input voltage as shown in the Connection Diagram. This will enable the IC and a small current will be drawn from the input. However, this will not start the converter. To start the converter, connect the PWMD pin to the V_{DD} pin of the connector J3.

PWM Dimming: To PWM dim the board, connect the external push-pull square wave source between terminals PWMD and GND of connector J3 as shown by the dotted lines. Note that EN should be connected to the input voltage.

Note: During PWM dimming, pin V_{DD} of connector J3 should be left open. Also, the PWM signal must have the proper polarity with the positive connected to pin PWMD of J3. Note that pin GND of J3 is internally connected to the return path of the input voltage.

SYNC: To synchronize two or more boards, connect the SYNC pins of all the boards together. To synchronize the HV9911DB2 to an external 200kHz clock, connect the clock between the SYNC terminal and GND pin of terminal J3.

Testing The Demoboard:

Normal Operation: Connect the input source and the output LEDs as shown in the connection diagram and enable the board. The LEDs will glow with a steady intensity. Connecting an ammeter in series with the LEDs will allow measurement of the LED current. The current will be 100mA +/- 5%.

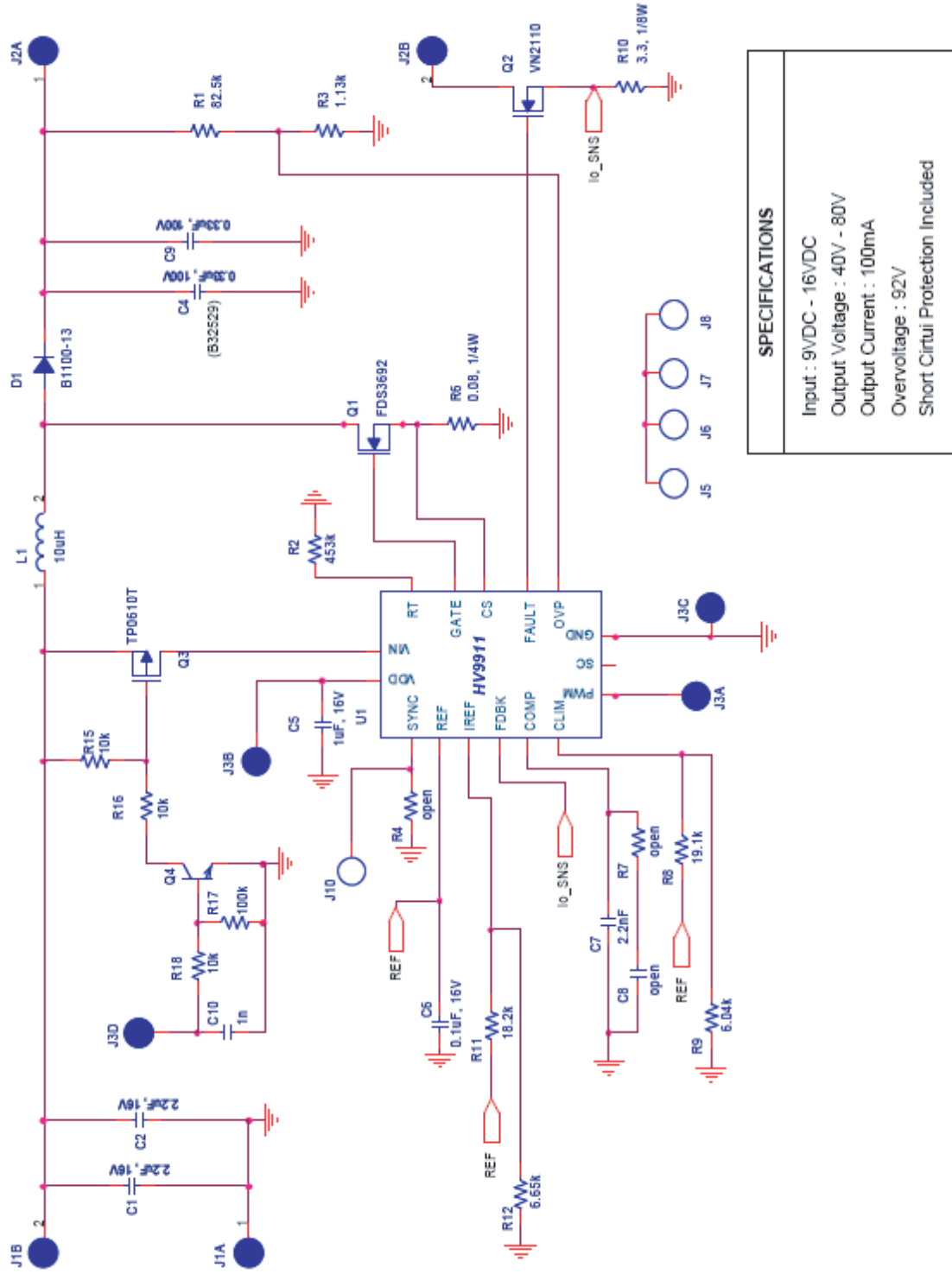
Current Regulation: With the input power to the converter disconnected, change the input voltage or the LED string voltage within the specifications mentioned. The current output of the HV9911DB2 will remain very steady over the entire line and load range.

Open LED test: Connect a voltmeter across the output terminals of the HV9911DB2. Start the demoboard normally, and once the LED current reaches steady state, unplug one end of the LED string from the demoboard. The output voltage will rise to about 92V and then the HV9911DB2 will shut down. To restart the converter, disconnect and reconnect the input voltage (recycle the power to the board).

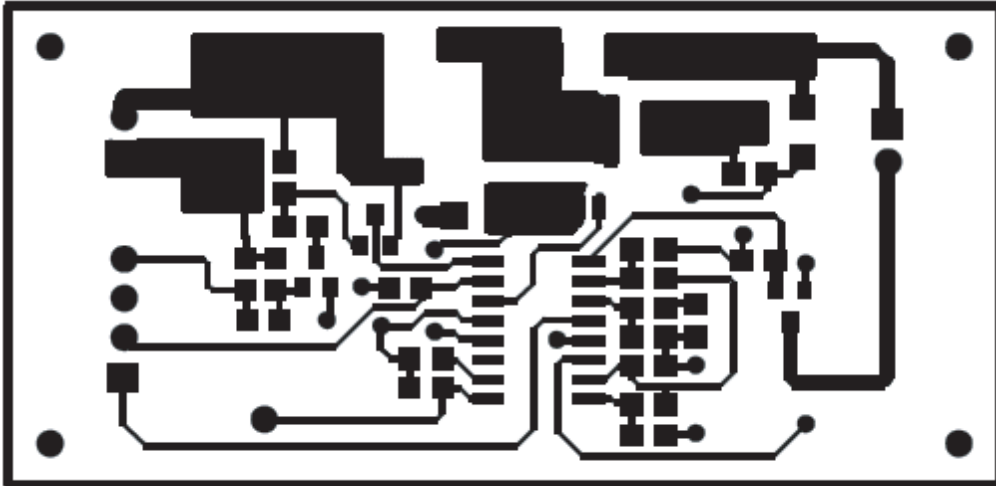
Short Circuit Test: When the HV9911DB2 is operating in steady state, connect a jumper across the terminals of the LED string. Notice that the output current will immediately go to zero and the converter will shut down. To restart the HV9911DB2, recycle the input power to the demoboard.

PWM Dimming: With the input voltage to the board disconnected, apply a TTL compatible, push-pull square wave signal between PWMD and GND terminals of connector J3 (as shown in the connection diagram). Turn the input voltage back on, and adjust the duty cycle and / or frequency of the PWM dimming signal. The output current will track the PWM dimming signal. Note that although the converter operates perfectly well at 1kHz PWM dimming frequency, the best PWM dimming ratio can be obtained at lower frequencies, such as 100 or 200Hz.

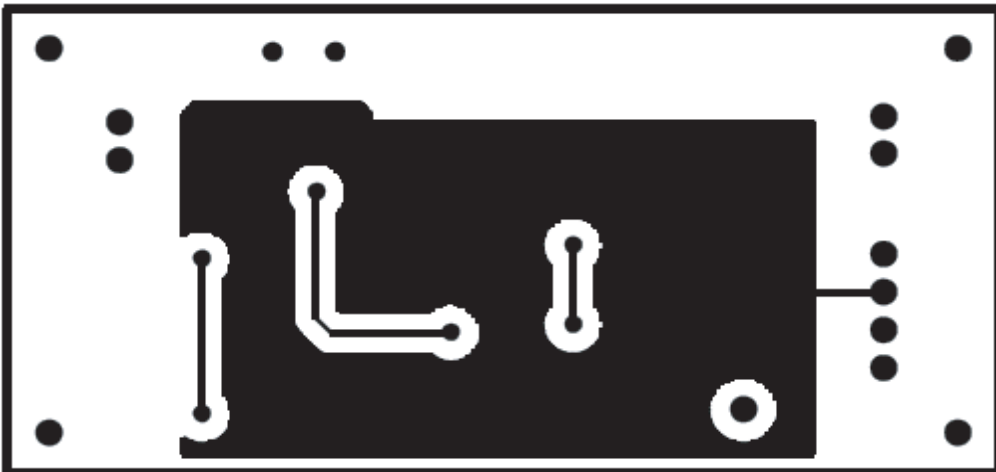
Circuit Schematic:



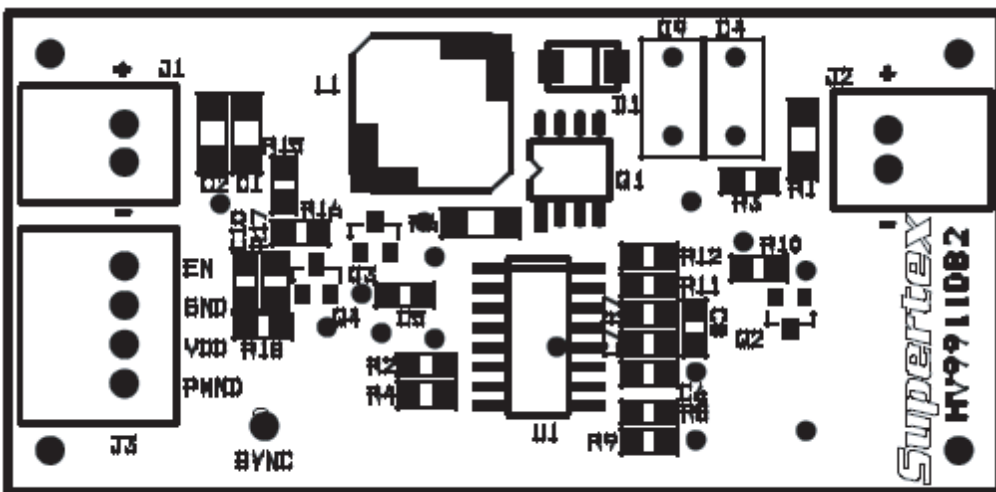
Top Layer:



Bottom Layer:



Silk Screen:



Bill of Materials

Item #	Quantity	RefDes	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Part Number
1	2	C1,C2	2.2uF, 16V X7R ceramic chip capacitor	SMD1206	Murata	GRM31MR71C225MA35L
2	2	C4,C9	0.33uF, 100V metal Film capacitors	Thru-Hole	EPCOS Inc	B32529C1334J
3	1	C5	1uF, 16V X7R ceramic chip capacitor	SMD0805	TDK Corp	C2012X7R1C105K
4	1	C6	0.1uF, 16V X7R ceramic chip capacitor	SMD0805	Murata	GRM219R71C104KA01D
5	1	C7	2.2nF, 5%, 50V C0G ceramic chip capacitor	SMD0805	TDK Corp	C2012C0G1H222J
6	3	R4,R7,C8	open			
7	1	C10	1nF, 50V, X7R ceramic chip capacitor	SMD0805	TDK Corp	C2012X7R1H102K
8	1	D1	100V, 1A schottky diode	SMA	Diodes Inc.	B1100-13
9	2	J1,J2	Side Entry 2-pin male header	Thru-Hole	JST Sales Amer.	S2B-EH
10	1	J3	Side Entry 4-pin male header	Thru-Hole	JST Sales Amer.	S4B-EH
11	1	L1	10uH, 5.5A sat, 4.3A rms inductor	SMT	Sumida	CDR10D48MN-100
12	1	Q1	100V, 4.55A N-Channel MOSFET	SO-8	Fairchild	FDS3692
13	1	Q2	100V, 4 ohm N-Channel MOSFET	SOT-89	Supertex	VN2110K1
14	1	Q3	-60V, 10 ohm P-Channel MOSFET	SOT-23	Supertex	TP0610T
15	1	Q4	40V, 600mA NPN transistor	SOT-23	ST Micro	MMBT2222A
16	1	R1	82.5k, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-0782K5L
17	1	R2	453k, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-07453KL
18	1	R3	1.13k, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-071K13L
19	1	R6	0.08, 1%, 1/4W chip resistor	SMD1206	Vishay/ Dale	WSL1206R0800FEA
20	1	R8	19.1k, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-0719K1L
21	1	R9	6.04k, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Yageo	RC0805FR-076K04L
22	1	R10	3.3, 1%, 1/8W chip resistor	SMD0805	Panasonic	ERJ-6RQF3R3V
23	1	U1	Switchmode LED Driver with High Current Accuracy	SO-16	Supertex	HV9911NG-G

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