

PROVISIONAL DATA SHEET – Subject to change without prior notice Single or Multi Cell LED Driver Solution with Enable Control

Summary

The ZXLD383 is a single or multi cell LED driver designed for applications requiring step-up voltage conversion from a very low input voltage and on/off enable control. The IC generates constant current pulses that are ideal for driving single or multiple LEDs over a wide range of operating voltages. It includes an on/off enable input that can be driven directly from a photocell array or an open collector/drain logic output. The enable input features an ultra-low voltage drop diode to ground, eliminating the need for a photocell array isolation diode in Garden Light applications.

The ZXLD383 uses a PFM control technique to drive an internal switching transistor which exhibits a low saturation resistance. This ensures high efficiency, even for input voltages as low as 1.0V.

The IC can start up under full load and operates down to an input voltage of below 0.9V.

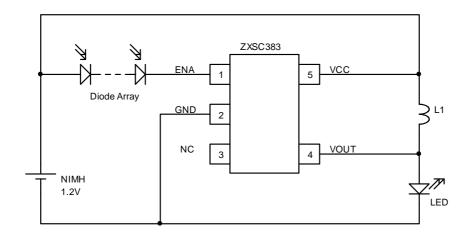
The ZXLD383 is offered in the space saving SOT23-5 package or in die form, offering an excellent cost vs performance solution for single cell LED driving applications.

FEATURES

- 85% Efficiency
- User adjustable output current
- Single cell operation (0.9V minimum)
- Low saturation voltage switching transistor
- SOT23-5 package
- Available also in Die form
- Simple Application circuit

APPLICATIONS

- Garden Lights
- Door/Pathway illumination
- · LED flashlights and torches
- LED backlights
- White LED driver
- Gated Boost Supply Generator



Absolute maximum ratings

Supply Voltage (Vcc)
Output Voltage (Vout)
Enable Voltage (Vena)
Supply Current
Output Switch Current
Power Dissipation SOT23-5
Power Dissipation Die
-0.6V to 6V
-0.6V to 20V
-0.6V to 20V
-0.6V to 20V
-0.6V to 20V
-0.6V to 6V
-0.6V to 9V
-0.6V to 9V
-0.6V to 20V
-1V to 3.5V
-1V to

Operating Temperature Range -20°C to +85°C Storage Temperature Range -55°C to +150°C

Electrical Characteristics

Measured at T_{AMB} = 25°C, L = 4.7uH, I_{ENA} = 0 and V_{CC} = 1.5V unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Conditions		Limits		
		Min	Тур	Max	1
Supply Voltage Operating Range	L = 10uH	0.9		3.3	V
Minimum Supply Start-up Voltage	L = 10uH		0.8	0.9	V
Supply Current Quiescent		2	4	8	mA
Supply Current Shutdown	$V_{ENA} = V_{CC} - 0.8V$		17	30	uA
Supply Current Under-Voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.6V$			20	uA
				T	Т -
Switch Current	At turn-off	250	320	400	mA
Switch Saturation Voltage	I _{OUT} = 200mA		100	300	mV
Switch Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = 20V, V_{ENA} = 0V$			10	uA
Mean LED Current	$V_{LED} = 3.5V$	40	50	65	mA
Efficiency	V _{LED} = 3.5V		85		%
Operating Frequency	V _{LED} = 3.5V		350		kHz
Discharge Pulse Width		0.7	1.5	2.5	us
Enable Input		V _{CC} - 0.8	V _{CC} - 0.4	V _{CC} - 0.2	V
Threshold		1.00 0.0	00 27.		-
Enable Input Current	V _{ENA} = 0.2V	0	-5	-20	uA
Enable Input Voltage	I _{ENA} = -20mA	0	-100	-250	mV

Typical Characteristics

Note: $V_{LED} = 3.5V$ for all graphs

DEVICE DESCRIPTION

The ZXLD383 is a simple PFM, DC-DC controller combined with a high performance internal switching transistor, enabling the production of a high efficiency boost converter for use in single cell applications. It includes a dual function Enable input which serves both as an operation inhibit control and an ultra-low voltage drop isolation diode for battery charging purposes in Garden Light applications. A block diagram is shown for the ZXLD383 in Fig 1.

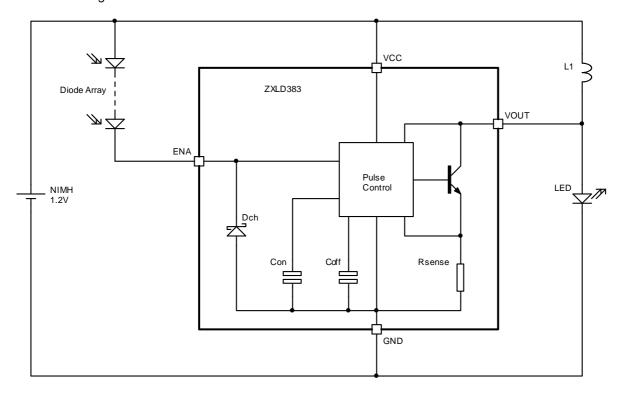


Fig 1. ZXLD383 Block Diagram

With power applied and the enable pin held at V_{CC} , an oscillator within the pulse control block forces the internal switching transistor to switch on to start an energy charge cycle. The low saturation voltage switch pulls the V_{OUT} pin close to ground which forces the supply voltage across the external inductor L1. This causes a current to build up, storing energy in the inductor. During this phase, switch current and supply voltage are monitored and used by the pulse control circuit to determine the optimum drive conditions and on-time. At the end of the energy charge cycle, the internal switch is turned off rapidly, interrupting the current flow through L1 which causes the voltage on V_{OUT} to rise dramatically. When the voltage on V_{OUT} reaches the load LED's forward (on) voltage, the inductor current is transferred from the internal switch to the LED, starting the energy discharge cycle. With the voltage across the inductor reversed, the current flowing through it (and the LED) now falls. When the inductor current reaches zero, the voltage on the V_{OUT} pin falls back towards V_{CC} . This action is sensed by the pulse control circuit and is combined with the output of an off-period timer to initiate the next energy charge cycle. Except for low level losses, all the energy stored in the inductor during a charge cycle is channelled to the load LED during the following discharge cycle.

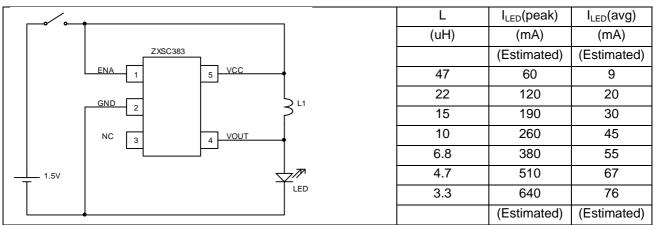
The current fed into the load LED has a sawtooth waveform, the average (DC) value of which is kept constant by the pulse control circuit for varying supply voltage and temperature. It is possible to change the output current given by the ZXLD383 by changing the value of inductor L1. The larger the inductance of L1, the lower the output current. A table/graph showing the relationship between inductance and output current is given later in this datasheet. Since the output current of the ZXLD383 is a sawtooth waveform, its peak value is substantially larger than the DC/average value. The table also provides this data.

The internal switching transistor has a minimum collector-emitter breakdown voltage of 20V and this sets the maximum load voltage allowable. The minimum value is set by a feature of the pulse control circuit that requires the load voltage to be at least 0.5V greater than V_{CC} . (The device will function with load voltages smaller than this but output current regulation will be impaired.) Higher than nominal load voltages will lower the average (DC) output current generated for a given inductor value.

The Enable pin inhibits the operation of the output switch if held at a potential of Vcc-0.8V or lower. It also includes a diode to ground which allows the input to be wired directly to a photocell array that will then both enable operation of the converter when in darkness and charge the IC's power source in daylight conditions. The diode function is performed by an active circuit that gives an ultra low forward voltage drop (typically less than 0.1V at 20mA). This allows the use of a lower output voltage photocell array (lower cost) without degrading performance.

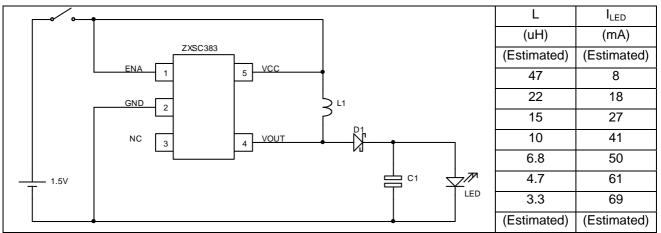
APPLICATION EXAMPLES

Standard Operating Mode



Note: $V_{LED} = 3.5V$

Low Ripple LED Current Mode

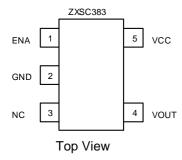


Note: V_{LED} = 3.5V, D1 = ZHCS1000, C1 = 1uF (low ESR)

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	Ena	Enable / Photodiode array battery charge input
2	Gnd	Ground
3	NC	Not connected (internally open circuit)
4	V _{OUT}	Switch output external inductor/LED
5	V _{CC}	Supply voltage, generally Alkaline, NiMH or NiCd single cell

PINOUT DIAGRAM



PACKAGING INFORMATION

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Part Mark

Definitions

Product change

Zetex Semiconductors reserves the right to alter, without notice, specifications, design, price or conditions of supply of any product or service. Customers are solely responsible for obtaining the latest relevant information before placing orders.

Applications disclaimer

The circuits in this design/application note are offered as design ideas. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the circuit is fit for the user's application and meets with the user's requirements. No representation or warranty is given and no liability whatsoever is assumed by Zetex with respect to the accuracy or use of such information, or infringement of patents or other intellectual property rights arising from such use or otherwise. Zetex does not assume any legal responsibility or will not be held legally liable (whether in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty, restriction or otherwise) for any damages, loss of profit, business, contract, opportunity or consequential loss in the use of these circuit applications, under any circumstances.

Life support

Zetex products are specifically not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer of Zetex Semiconductors plc. As used herein:

Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which:

1. are intended to implant into the body

or

В.

2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions

for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

The product specifications contained in this publication are issued to provide outline information only which (unless agreed by the company in writing) may not be used, applied or reproduced for any purpose or form part of any order or contract or be regarded as a representation relating to the products or services

Terms and Conditions

All products are sold subjects to Zetex' terms and conditions of sale, and this disclaimer (save in the event of a conflict between the two when the terms of the contract shall prevail) according to region, supplied at the time of order acknowledgement.

For the latest information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact your nearest Zetex sales office or visit: www.zetex.com

Zetex is an ISO 9001 and TS16949 certified semiconductor manufacturer.

To ensure quality of service and products we strongly advise the purchase of parts directly from Zetex Semiconductors or one of our regionally authorized distributors. For a complete listing of authorized distributors please visit: www.zetex.com/salesnetwork

Zetex Semiconductors does not warrant or accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any parts purchased through unauthorized sales channels.

ESD (Electrostatic discharge)

Semiconductor devices are susceptible to damage by ESD. Suitable precautions should be taken when handling and transporting devices. The possible damage to devices depends on the circumstances of the handling and transporting, and the nature of the device. The extent of damage can vary from immediate functional or parametric malfunction to degradation of function or performance in use over time. Devices suspected of being affected should be replaced.

Green compliance

Zetex Semiconductors is committed to environmental excellence in all aspects of its operations which includes meeting or exceeding regulatory requirements with respect to the use of hazardous substances. Numerous successful programs have been implemented to reduce the use of hazardous substances and/or

All Zetex components are compliant with the RoHS directive, and through this it is supporting its customers in their compliance with WEEE and ELV directives

Product status key:

"Preview" Future device intended for production at some point. Samples may be available Product status recommended for new designs "Active" "Last time buy (LTB)" Device will be discontinued and last time buy period and delivery is in effect "Not recommended for new designs" Device is still in production to support existing designs and production Production has been discontinued "Obsolete"

Datasheet status key:

"Draft version" This term denotes a very early datasheet version and contains highly provisional

information, which may change in any manner without notice.

This term denotes a pre-release datasheet. It provides a clear indication of anticipated performance. However, "Provisional version"

changes to the test conditions and specifications may occur, at any time and without notice.

"Issue" This term denotes an issued datasheet containing finalized specifications. However, changes to specifications may

occur, at any time and without notice.

Asia Pacific Europe Americas Corporate Headquarters Zetex GmbH Zetex (Asia Ltd) Zetex Semiconductors plc Balanstr. 59 700 Veterans Memorial Highway 3701-04 Metroplaza Tower 1 Zetex Technology Park, Chadderton D-81541 München Oldham, OL9 9LL Hauppauge, NY 11788 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Fong Hong Kong Germany United Kingdom Telefon: (49) 89 45 49 49 0 Telephone: (1) 631 360 2222 Telephone: (852) 26100 611 Telephone (44) 161 622 4444 Fax: (49) 89 45 49 49 49 Fax: (1) 631 360 8222 Fax: (852) 24250 494 Fax: (44) 161 622 4446 europe.sales@zetex.com asia sales@zetex.com usa sales@zetex.com ha@zetex.com

© 2007 Published by Zetex Semiconductors plc