

FSEZ1016A Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Integrated Power MOSFET

Features

FAIRCHILD

- Constant-Voltage (CV) and Constant-Current (CC) Control Without Secondary-Feedback Circuitry
- Accurate Constant Current Achieved by Fairchild's Proprietary *TRUECURRENT[™]* Technique
- Green-Mode Function: PWM Frequency Linearly Decreasing
- Fixed PWM Frequency at 42KHz with Frequency Hopping to Solve EMI Problems
- Cable Compensation in CV Mode
- Low Startup Current: 10µA
- Low Operating Current: 3.5mA
- Peak-Current-Mode Control in CV Mode
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (OVP) with Auto-Restart
- V_{DD} Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Fixed Over-Temperature Protection (OTP) with Latch
- SOIC-7 Package Available

Applications

- Battery Chargers for Cellular Phones, Cordless Phones, PDA, Digital Cameras, Power Tools
- Best Choice to Replace Linear Transformer and RCC SMPS

Description

This highly integrated PWM controller provides features to enhance the performance of low-power flyback converters. The proprietary topology of FSEZ1016A enables simplified circuit design, especially for battery-charger applications. A low-cost, smaller, and lighter charger is the result when compared to a conventional design or a linear transformer. The startup current is only 10 μ A, which allows large startup resistance for further power saving.

To minimize the standby power consumption, the proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease PWM frequency under light-load conditions. This green mode assists the power supply in meeting power conservation requirements.

By using FSEZ1016A, a charger can be implemented with fewer external components and minimized cost. A typical output CV/CC characteristic envelope is shown in Figure 1.

FSEZ1016A-series controller is available in the 7-pin SOIC package.

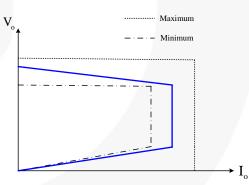
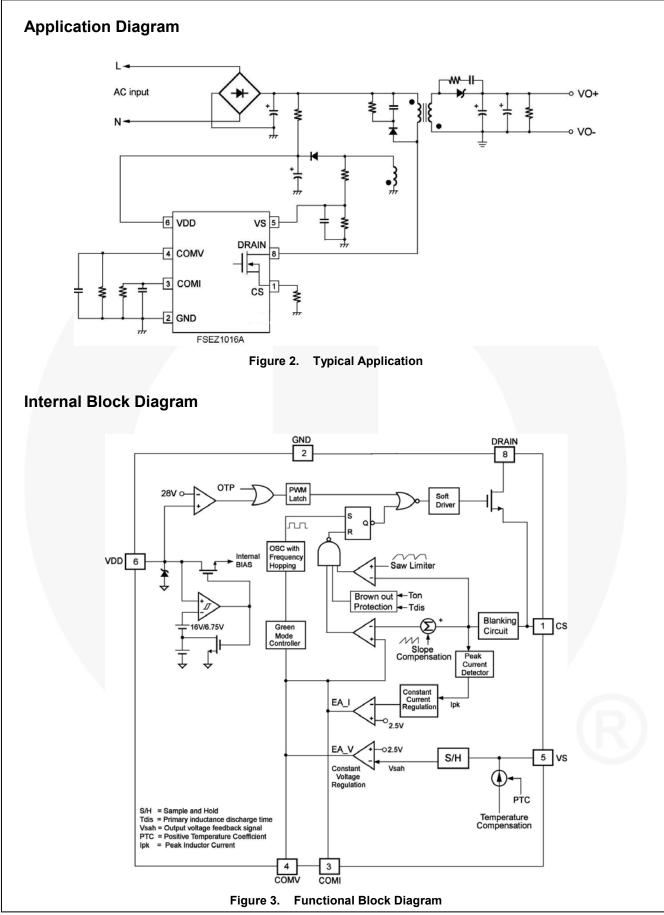


Figure 1. Typical Output V-I Characteristic

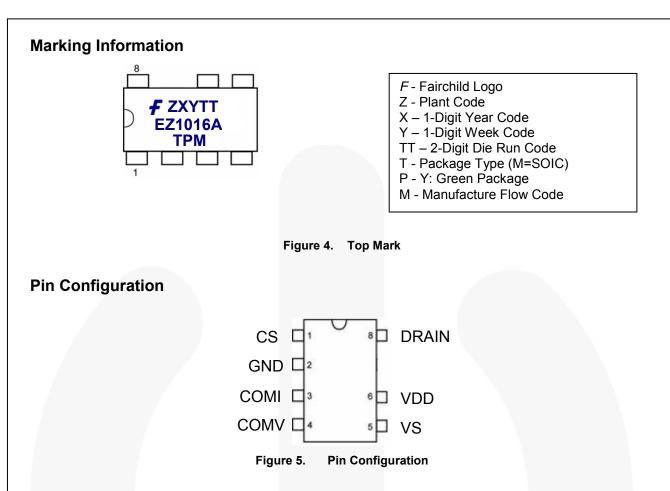
| Part Number | Operating Temperature Range | Eco Status | Package | Packing Method |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|
| FSEZ1016AMY | -40°C to +105°C | Green | 7-Lead, Small Outline Integrated Circuit Package (SOIC) | Tape & Reel |

🥙 For Fairchild's definition of "green" Eco Status, please visit: <u>http://www.fairchildsemi.com/company/green/rohs_green.html</u>.

Ordering Information



FSEZ1016A — Primary-Side-Regulation PWM Integrated Power MOSFET



Pin Definitions

| Pin # | Name | Description |
|-------|-------|--|
| 1 | CS | Analog Input, Current Sense. Connected to a current-sense resistor for peak-current-mode control in CV mode. The current-sense signal is also provided for output-current regulation in CC mode. |
| 2 | GND | Voltage Reference, Ground. |
| 3 | COMI | Analog Output, Current Compensation. Output of the current error amplifier. Connect a capacitor between the COMI pin and GND for frequency compensation. |
| 4 | COMV | Analog Output, Voltage Compensation. Output of the voltage error amplifier. Connect a capacitor between the COMV pin and GND for frequency compensation. |
| 5 | VS | Analog Input, Voltage Sense. Output-voltage-sense input for output-voltage regulation. |
| 6 | VDD | Power Supply. |
| 7 | NC | No connection. |
| 8 | DRAIN | Power MOSFET Drain. This pin is the high voltage power MOSFET drain. |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit | |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|
| V _{VDD} | DC Supply Voltage ^(1,2) | | | 30 | V |
| V _{VS} | VS Pin Input Voltage | | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{CS} | CS Pin Input Voltage | | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{COMV} | Voltage-Error Amplifier Output Voltage | | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{COMI} | Voltage-Error Amplifier Output Voltage | | -0.3 | 7.0 | V |
| V _{DS} | Drain-Source Voltage | | | 600 | V |
| I _D | Continuous Drain Current | T _C =25°C | | 1 | А |
| ١D | | T _C =100°C | | 0.6 | А |
| I _{DM} | Pulsed Drain Current | | | 4 | A |
| E _{AS} | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy | | | 33 | mJ |
| I _{AR} | Avalanche Current | | | 1 | A |
| PD | Power Dissipation (T _A <50°C) | | | 660 | mW |
| heta ja | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Air) | | 153 | °C /W | |
| heta JC | Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) | | | 39 | °C /W |
| TJ | Operating Junction Temperature | | -40 | +150 | °C |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | | -55 | +150 | °C |
| TL | Lead Temperature (Wave Soldering or IR, 10 S | | +260 | °C | |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Human Bod JEDEC: JESD22-A114 | | 2 | kV | |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Charged De JEDEC: JESD22-C101 | evice Model, | | 2 | kV |

Notes:

1. Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

2. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to GND pin.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|------|
| T _A | Operating Ambient Temperature | | -40 | | +105 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{\text{DD}}\text{=}15V$ and $T_{\text{A}}\text{=}25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | N | | | | | | |
| V _{OP} | Continuously- | Operating Voltage | | | | 25 | V |
| $V_{\text{DD-ON}}$ | Turn-On Thre | shold Voltage | | 15 | 16 | 17 | V |
| $V_{\text{DD-OFF}}$ | Turn-Off Threshold Voltage | | | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| I _{DD-ST} | Startup Curre | nt | 0 <v<sub>DD<v<sub>DD-ON-0.16V</v<sub></v<sub> | | 10 | 20 | μA |
| IDD-OP | Operating Current | | V_{DD} =20V, f _S = f _{OSC} V_{VS} =2V, V_{CS} =3V C_L =1nF | | 3.5 | 5.0 | mA |
| I _{DD-GREEN} | Green Mode Operating Supply Current | | $\label{eq:VD} \begin{split} V_{DD} = & 20V, \ V_{VS} = & 2.7V \\ C_L = & 1nF, \ V_{COMV} = & 0V \\ f_S = & f_{OSC-N-MIN}, \ V_{CS} = & 0V \end{split}$ | | 1 | 2 | mA |
| V _{DD-OVP} | V _{DD} OVP Leve | el | V _{CS} =3V, V _{VS} =2.3V | 27 | 28 | 29 | V |
| t _{D-VDDOVP} | V _{DD} OVP Deb | ounce Time | f _S =f _{OSC} , V _{VS} =2.3V | 100 | 250 | 400 | μs |
| OSCILLATO | R SECTION | | | | | | |
| £ | Fraguanay | Center Frequency | T _A =25°C, V _{VS} =2.3V | 40 | 43 | 46 | |
| f _{osc} Frequency | Frequency Hopping Range | V _{CS} =1.5V, V _{VS} =2V | ±1.8 | ±2.6 | ±3.6 | KHz | |
| f _{FHR} | Frequency Hopping Period | | V _{CS} =1.5V, V _{VS} =2V | | 3 | | ms |
| f _{OSC-N-MIN} | Minimum Frequency at No-Load | | V_{VS} =2.7V, V_{COMV} =0V | | 550 | | Hz |
| f _{OSC-CM-MIN} | Minimum Frequency at CCM | | V_{VS} =2.3V, V_{CS} =0.5V | | 20 | | KHz |
| \mathbf{f}_{DV} | Frequency Variation vs. V _{DD} Deviation | | V _{DD} =10V to 25V | | | 5 | % |
| f _{DT} | Frequency Variation vs. Temperature Deviation | | T _A =-40°C to +105°C | | | 15 | % |
| VOLTAGE-S | ENSE SECTIO | N | | | | | |
| I _{VS-UVP} | Sink Current for Brownout Protection | | R _{vs} =20kΩ | | 180 | | μA |
| Itc | IC Compensa | tion Bias Current | | | 9.5 | | μA |
| V _{BIAS-COMV} | Adaptive Bias Dominated by | | V_{COMV} =0V, R_{VS} =20k Ω | | 1.4 | | V |
| CURRENT-S | ENSE SECTIO | N | | | | | |
| t _{PD} | Propagation I Output | Delay to GATE | | | 100 | 200 | ns |
| t _{MIN-N} | Minimum On | Time at No-Load | V_{VS} = -0.8V, R _{CS} =2k Ω V _{COMV} =1V | | 1100 | | ns |
| t _{MINCC} | Minimum. On Time in CC Mode | | V_{VS} =0V, V_{COMV} =2V | | 400 | | ns |
| V_{TH} | Threshold Voltage for Current Limit | | | | 1.3 | | V |
| CURRENT-E | RROR-AMPLI | FIER SECTION | | | | | |
| V _{IR} | Reference Vo | ltage | | 2.475 | 2.500 | 2.525 | V |
| I _{I-SINK} | Output Sink C | Current | V_{CS} =3V, V_{COMI} =2.5V | | 55 | | μA |
| I _{I-SOURCE} | Output Source | e Current | V _{CS} =0V, V _{COMI} =2.5V | | 55 | | μA |
| V _{I-HGH} | Output High V | /oltage | V _{CS} =0V | 4.5 | | | V |

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 V_{DD} =15V and T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified.

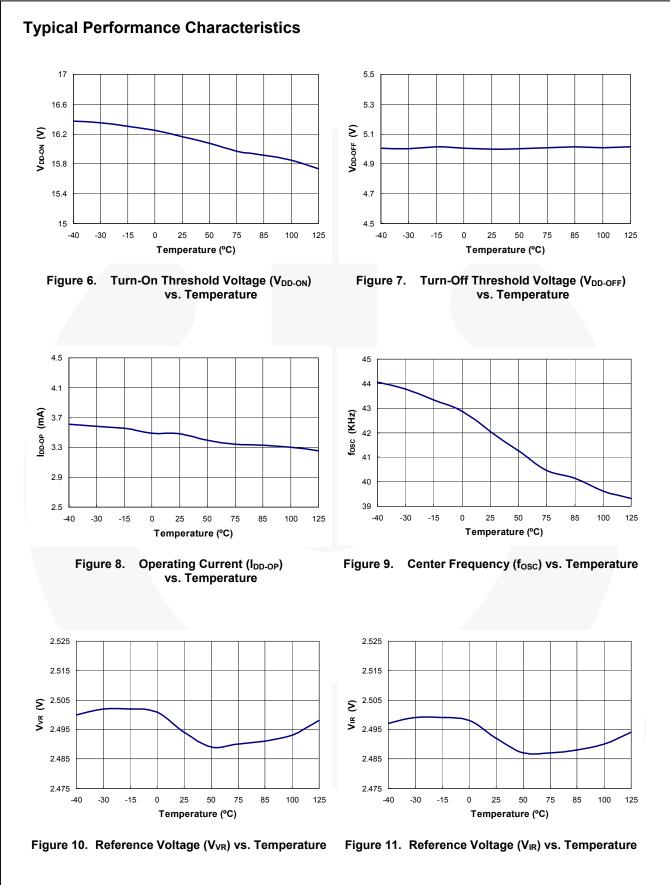
| Symbol | Parameter Conditions | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|------------------------------------|---|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| VOLTAGE-E | RROR-AMPLIFIER SECTION | I I | | | | |
| V _{VR} | Reference Voltage | | 2.475 | 2.500 | 2.525 | V |
| V _N | Green-Mode Starting Voltage on COMV Pin | f _s =f _{osc} -2KHz V _{vs} =2.3V | | 2.8 | | V |
| V_{G} | Green-Mode Ending Voltage on COMV Pin | V _{CS} =5V, f _S =1KHz | | 0.8 | | V |
| I _{V-SINK} | Output Sink Current | V _{VS} =3V, V _{COMV} =2.5V | | 90 | | μA |
| I _{V-SOURCE} | Output Source Current | V _{VS} =2V, V _{COMV} =2.5V | | 90 | | μA |
| V_{V-HGH} | Output High Voltage | V _{VS} =2.3V | 4.5 | | | V |
| INTERNAL M | OSFET SECTION | | | | | |
| DCYMAX | Maximum Duty Cycle | | | 75 | | % |
| BV _{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | I _D =250μΑ, V _{GS} =0V | 600 | | | V |
| ΔBV_{DSS} / ΔT_{J} | Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient | I _D =250µA, Referenced to 25°C | | 0.6 | | V/°C |
| Is | Maximum Continuous Drain- Source Diode Forward Current | | | | 1 | А |
| I _{SM} | Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current | | | | 4 | А |
| R _{DS(ON)} | Static Drain-Source On- Resistance | I _D =0.5A, V _{GS} =10V | | 9.3 | 11.5 | Ω |
| | | V _{DS} =600V, V _{GS} =0V, T _C =25°C | | | 1 | μA |
| I _{DSS} | Drain-Source Leakage Current | V _{DS} =480V, V _{GS} =0V, T _C =100°C | | | 10 | μA |
| t _{D-ON} | Turn-On Delay Time | V_{DS} =300V, I _D =1.1A, R _G =25 $\Omega^{(3,4)}$ | | 7 | 24 | ns |
| tr | Rise Time | | 2 | 21 | 52 | ns |
| t _{D-OFF} | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 13 | 36 | ns |
| t _f | Fall Time | | | 27 | 64 | ns |
| C _{ISS} | Input Capacitance | V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =25V f _S =1MHz | | 130 | 170 | pF |
| C _{OSS} | Output Capacitance | | | 19 | 25 | pF |
| | ERATURE-PROTECTION SECTION | DN I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | | | | |
| T _{OTP} | Threshold Temperature for OTP ⁽⁵⁾ | | | 140 | | °C |

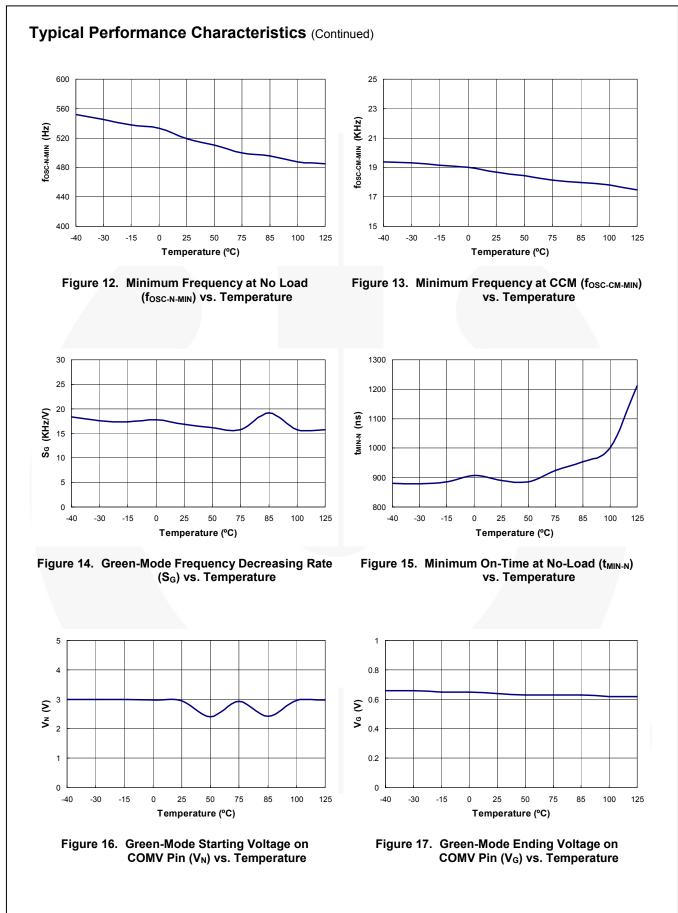
Notes:

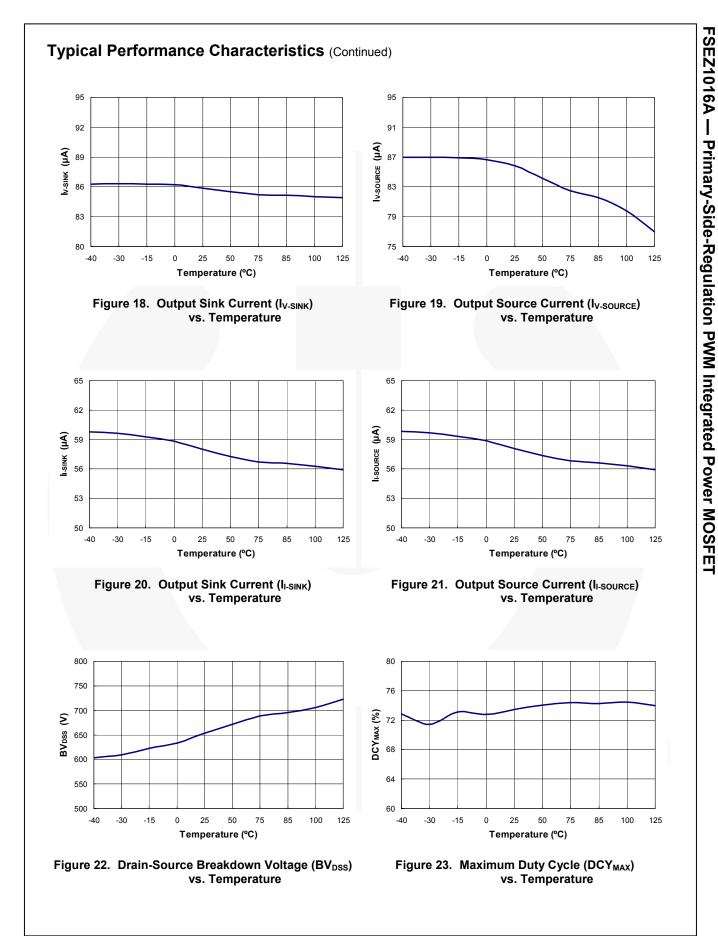
3. Pulse Test : pulse width \leq 300µs; duty cycle \leq 2%.

4. Essentially independent of operating temperature.

5. When the OTP is activated, the power system enters latch mode and output is disabled.







Functional Description

The proprietary topology of FSEZ1016A enables simplified circuit design for battery charger applications. Without secondary feedback circuitry, the CV and CC control can be achieved accurately. As shown in Figure 24, with the frequency-hopping PWM operation, EMI problems can be solved using minimized filter components. FSEZ1016A also provides many protection functions. The VDD pin is equipped with overvoltage protection (OVP) and under-voltage lockout (UVLO). Pulse-by-pulse current limiting and CC control ensure over-current protection (OCP) at heavy loads. The GATE output is clamped at 15V to protect the internal MOSFET from over-voltage damage. Also, the internal over-temperature-protection (OTP) function shuts down the controller with latch when overheated.



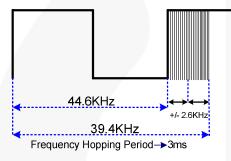


Figure 24. Frequency Hopping

Startup Current

The startup current is only 10µA. Low startup current allows a startup resistor with high resistance and low wattage to supply the startup power for the controller. A 1.5M Ω , 0.25W startup resistor and a 10µF/25V V_{DD} hold-up capacitor are sufficient for an AC-to-DC power adapter with a wide input range (100V_{AC} to 240V_{AC}).

Operating Current

The operating current has been reduced to 3.5mA, which results in higher efficiency and reduces the V_{DD} hold-up capacitance requirement. Once FSEZ1016A enters deep green mode, the operating current is reduced to 1mA, helping the power supply to meet power conservation requirements.

Green-Mode Operation

Figure 25 shows the characteristics of the PWM frequency vs. the output voltage of the error amplifier (V_{COMV}). FSEZ1016A uses the positive, proportional, output load parameter (V_{COMV}) as an indication of the output load for modulating the PWM frequency. In heavy load conditions, the PWM frequency is fixed at 42KHz. Once V_{COMV} is lower than V_N , the PWM frequency starts to linearly decrease from 42KHz to 550Hz, providing further power savings and meeting international power conservation requirements.

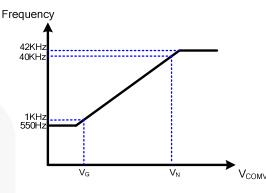


Figure 25. Green-Mode Operation Frequency vs. V_{COMV}

Constant Voltage (CV) and Constant Current (CC) Operation

The FSEZ1016A achieves CV/CC characteristic output without secondary-side voltage or current-feedback With Fairchild's innovative circuitry. technique TRUECURRENT™, constant current (CC) output can be precisely controlled. A feedback signal from the reflected voltage across the primary auxiliary winding for CV/CC operation is proportional to secondary winding, so it provides the controller the feedback signal from secondary side and achieves constant-voltage-output. In constant-current-output operation, this voltage signal is detected and examined by the precise constantcurrent-regulation controller, which then determines the on-time of the MOSFET to control input power and provide constant-current-output. With feedback voltage VCS across the current-sense resistor, the controller can obtain the input power of the power supply. Therefore, the region of constant-current-output operation can be adjusted by the current-sense resistor.

Temperature Compensation

FSEZ1016A has built-in temperature compensation for better CV regulation at different ambient temperatures. This internal compensation current is a positivetemperature-coefficient (PTC) current that can compensate the forward-voltage drop of the secondary diode varying with temperature. This variation causes output-voltage rising at high temperature.

Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs at the sense resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a leading-edge blanking time is built in. Conventional RC filtering can therefore be omitted. During this blanking period, the current-limit comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate driver.

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on and turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 16V and 5V, respectively. During startup, the hold-up capacitor must be charged to 16V through the startup resistor to enable the FSEZ1016A. The hold-up capacitor continues to supply V_{DD} until power can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. V_{DD} must not drop below 5V during this startup process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the hold-up capacitor is adequate to supply V_{DD} during startup.

V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

 V_{DD} OVP is built in to prevent damage due to overvoltage conditions. When the voltage V_{DD} exceeds 28V due to abnormal conditions, PWM pulses are disabled until the V_{DD} voltage drops below the UVLO, then starts again. Over-voltage conditions are usually caused by open feedback loops.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

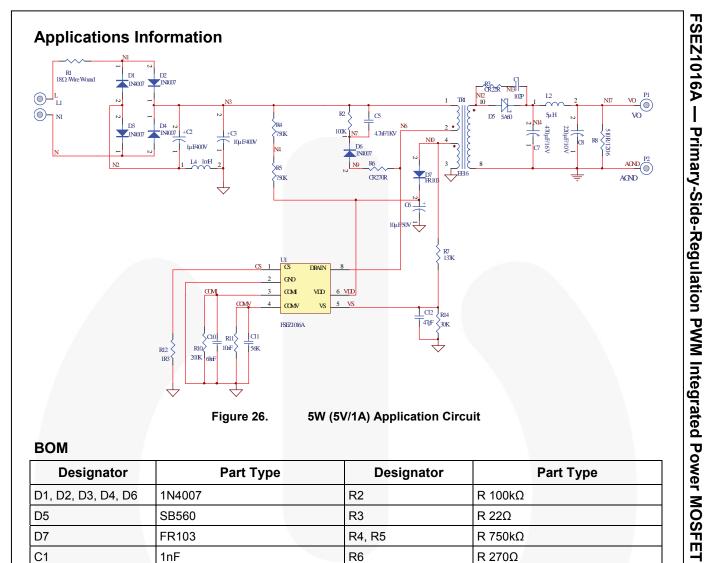
The FSEZ1016A has a built-in temperature-sensing circuit to shut down PWM output if the junction temperature exceeds 140°C. While PWM output is shut down, the V_{DD} voltage gradually drops to the UVLO voltage. Some of the FSEZ1016A's internal circuits are shut down and V_{DD} gradually starts increasing again. When V_{DD} reaches 16V; all the internal circuits, including the temperature-sensing circuit, start operating normally. If the junction temperature is still higher than 140°C, the PWM controller shuts down immediately.

Built-In Slope Compensation

The sensed voltage across the current-sense resistor is used for current-mode control and pulse-by-pulse current limiting. Built-in slope compensation improves stability and prevents sub-harmonic oscillations due to peak-current mode control. The FSEZ1016A has a synchronized, positively-sloped ramp built-in at each switching cycle.

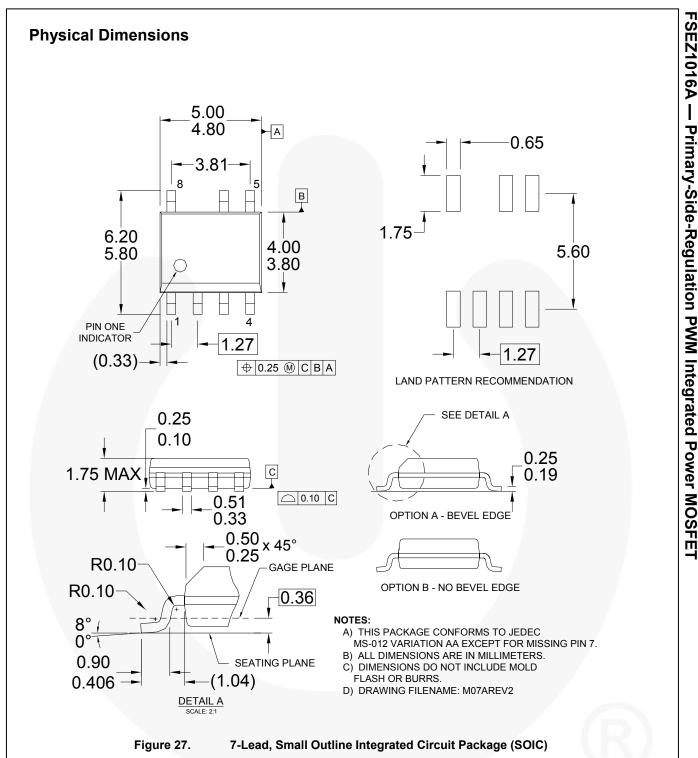
Noise Immunity

Noise from the current sense or the control signal can cause significant pulse-width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. While slope compensation helps alleviate these problems, further precautions should still be taken. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoid long PCB traces and component leads, locating compensation and filter components near the FSEZ1016A.



BOM

| Designator | Part Type | Designator | Part Type |
|--------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| D1, D2, D3, D4, D6 | 1N4007 | R2 | R 100kΩ |
| D5 | SB560 | R3 | R 22Ω |
| D7 | FR103 | R4, R5 | R 750kΩ |
| C1 | 1nF | R6 | R 270Ω |
| C2 | EC 1µF/400V | R7 | R 137kΩ |
| C3 | EC 10µF/400V | R8 | R 510Ω |
| C5 | 4.7nF/1KV | R10 | R 200kΩ |
| C6 | EC 10µF/50V | R11 | R 56kΩ |
| C7 | EC 470µF/16V | R12 | R 1.3Ω |
| C8 | EC 220µF/10 | R14 | R 30Ω |
| C10 | 68nF | L2 | 5µH |
| C11 | 10nF | L4 | 1mH |
| C12 | 47pF | T1 | EE16 (1.5mH) |
| R1 | R 18Ω | U1 | IC FSEZ1016A |



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SuperSOT™-3

SuperSOT™-6

SuperSOT™-8

GENERAL

The Power Franchise⁶

SupreMOS™

SyncFET™

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PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

| Datasheet Identification | Product Status | Definition |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Advance Information | Formative / In Design | Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. |
| Preliminary | First Production | Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design. |
| No Identification Needed | Full Production | Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design. |
| Obsolete | Not In Production | Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only. |

Rev. 139